

Balloon-borne Emulsion Gamma-ray Telescope

# GRAINE project

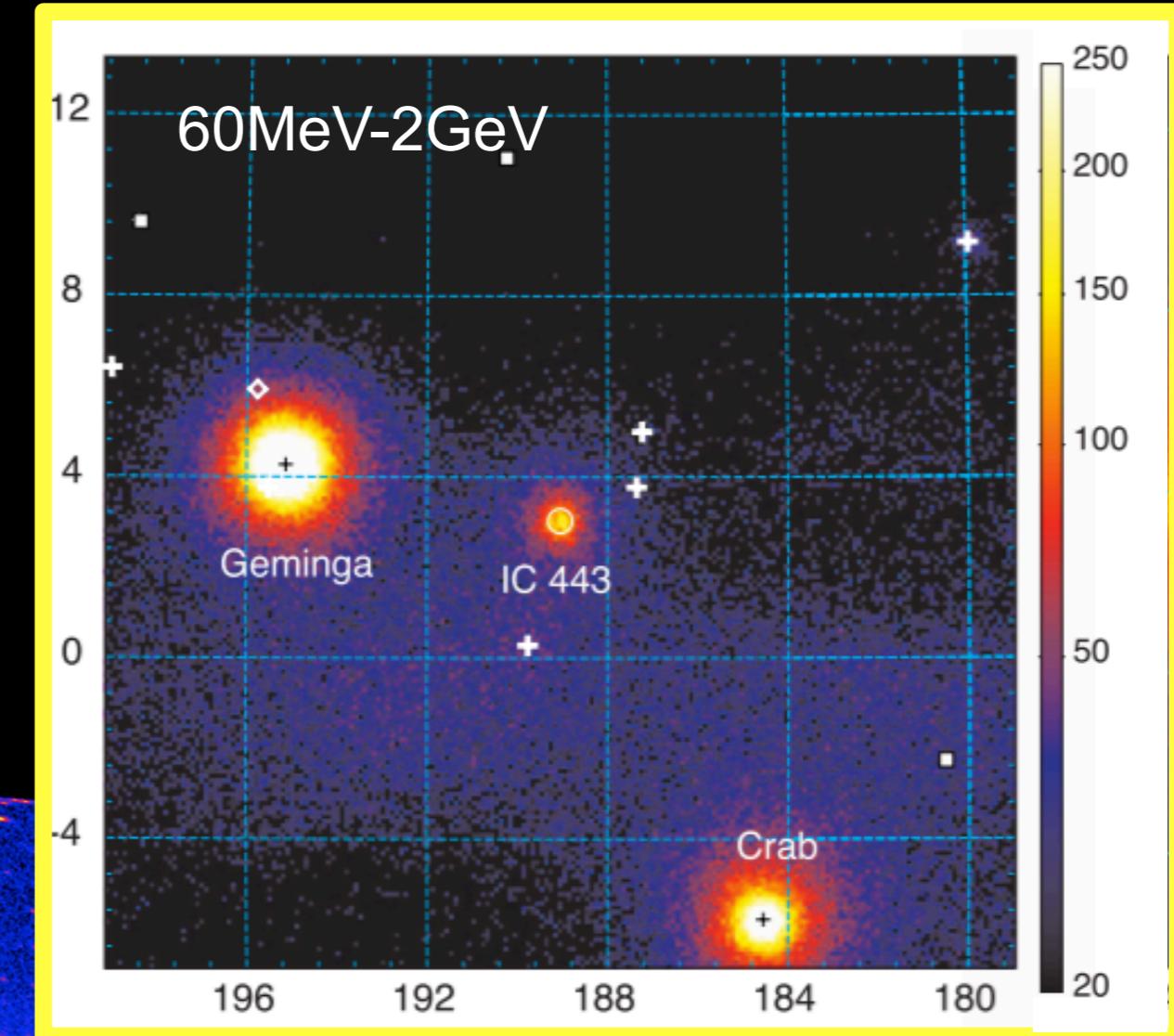
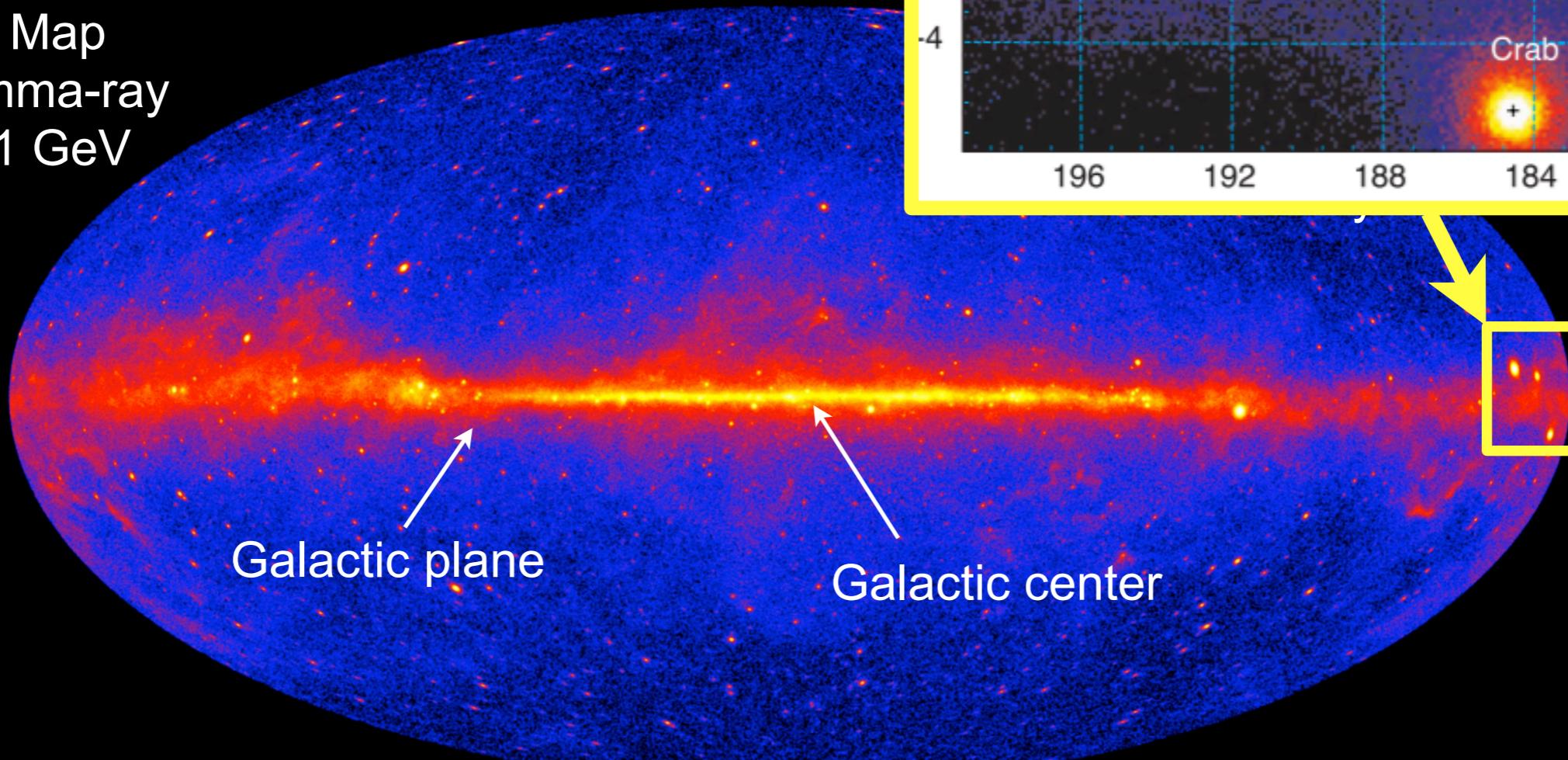
Gamma-Ray Astro-Imager with Nuclear Emulsion

Hiroki ROKUJO (Nagoya Univ.)  
for GRAINE collaboration

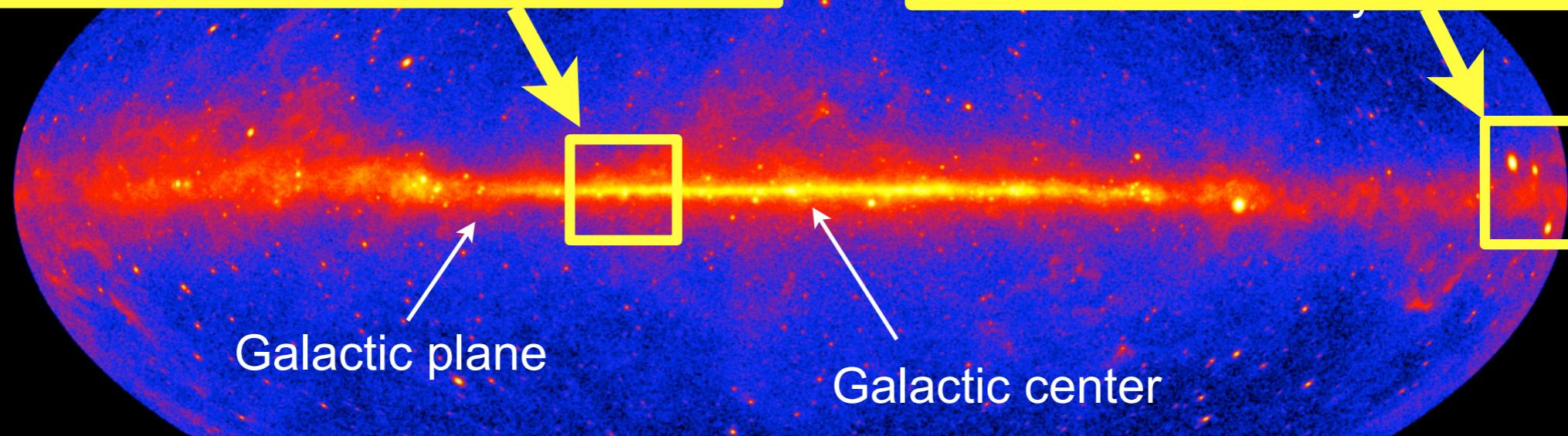
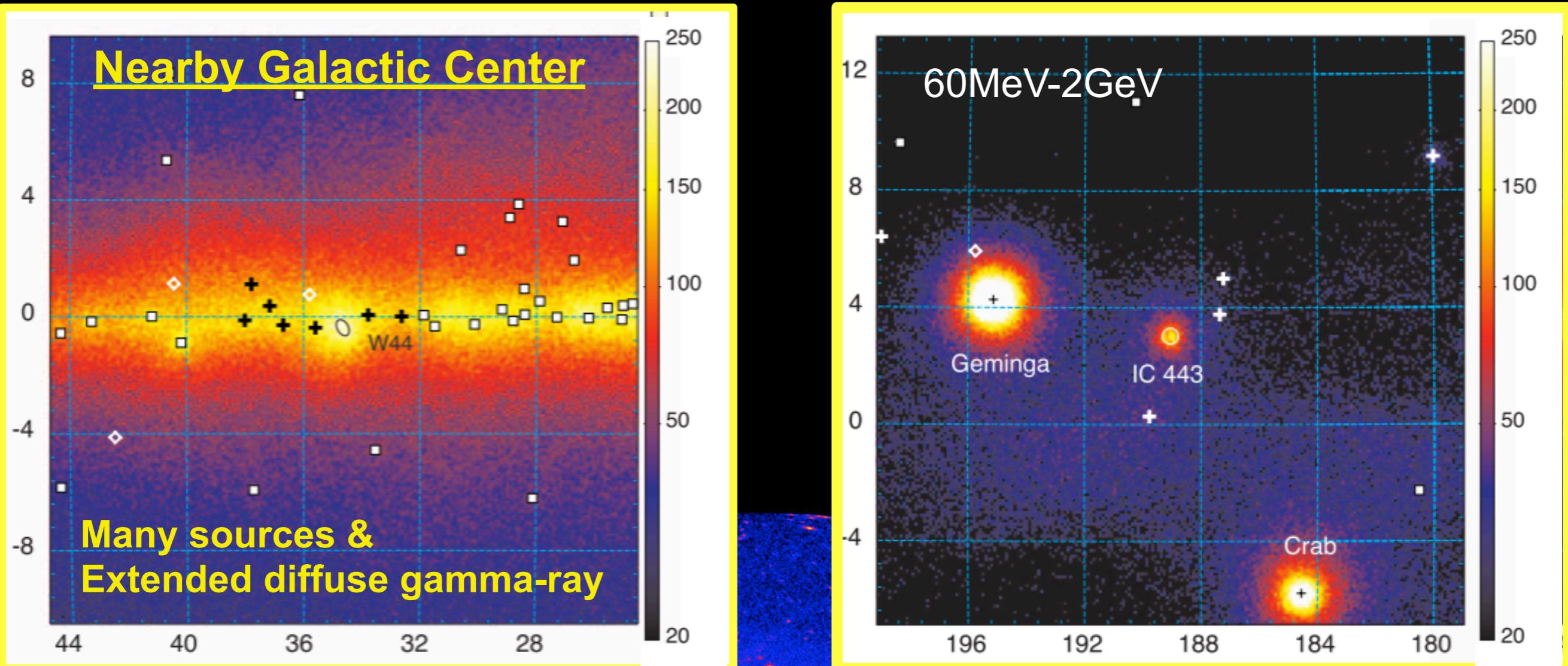
# Gamma-ray Observation (GeV/sub-GeV region)

	Telescope	Detected sources
1990-2001	EGRET spark chamber	271
2008-	Fermi-LAT SSD tracker	>3000

All-Sky Map  
via gamma-ray  
above 1 GeV



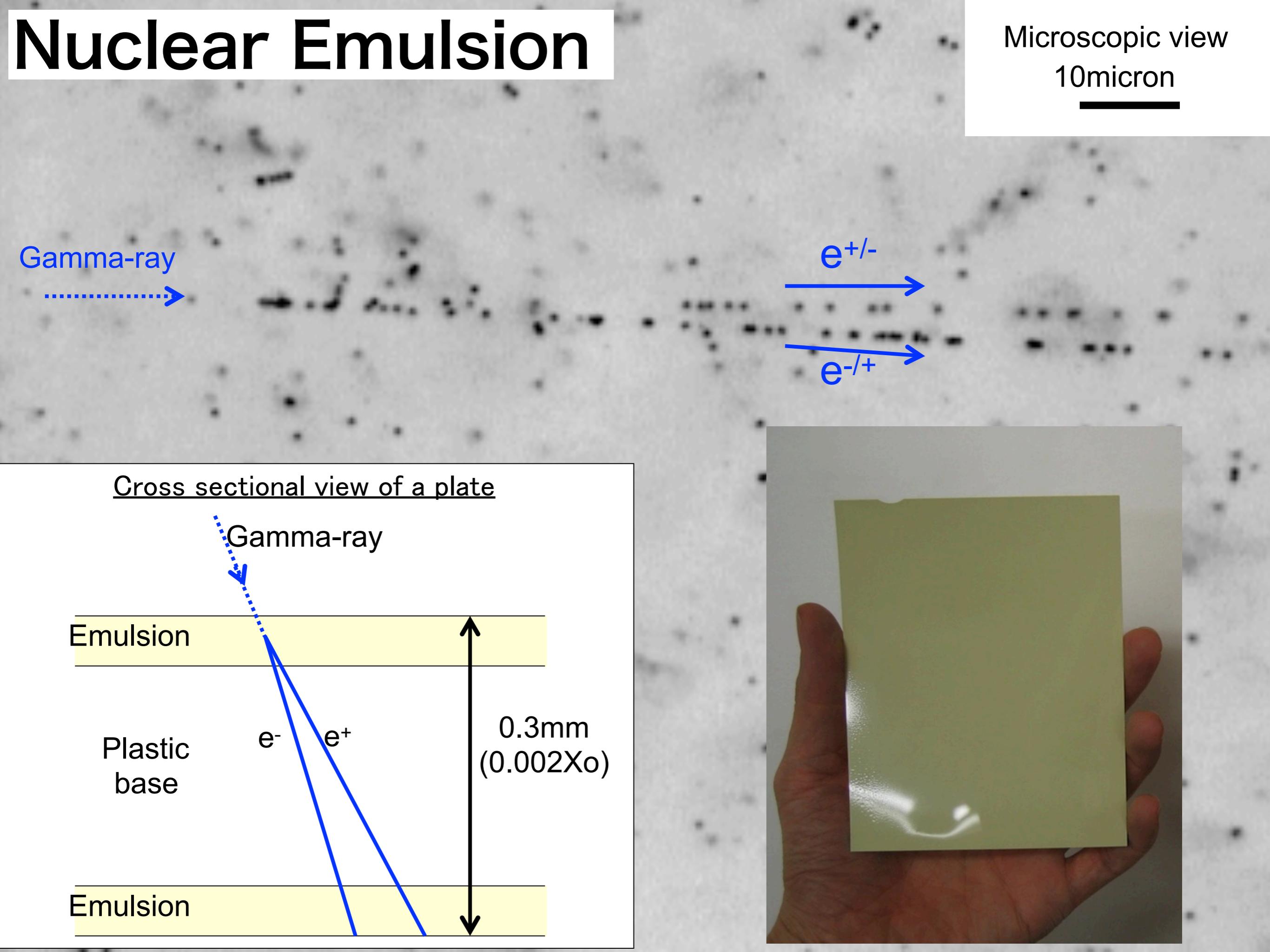
# Gamma-ray Observation (GeV/sub-GeV region)



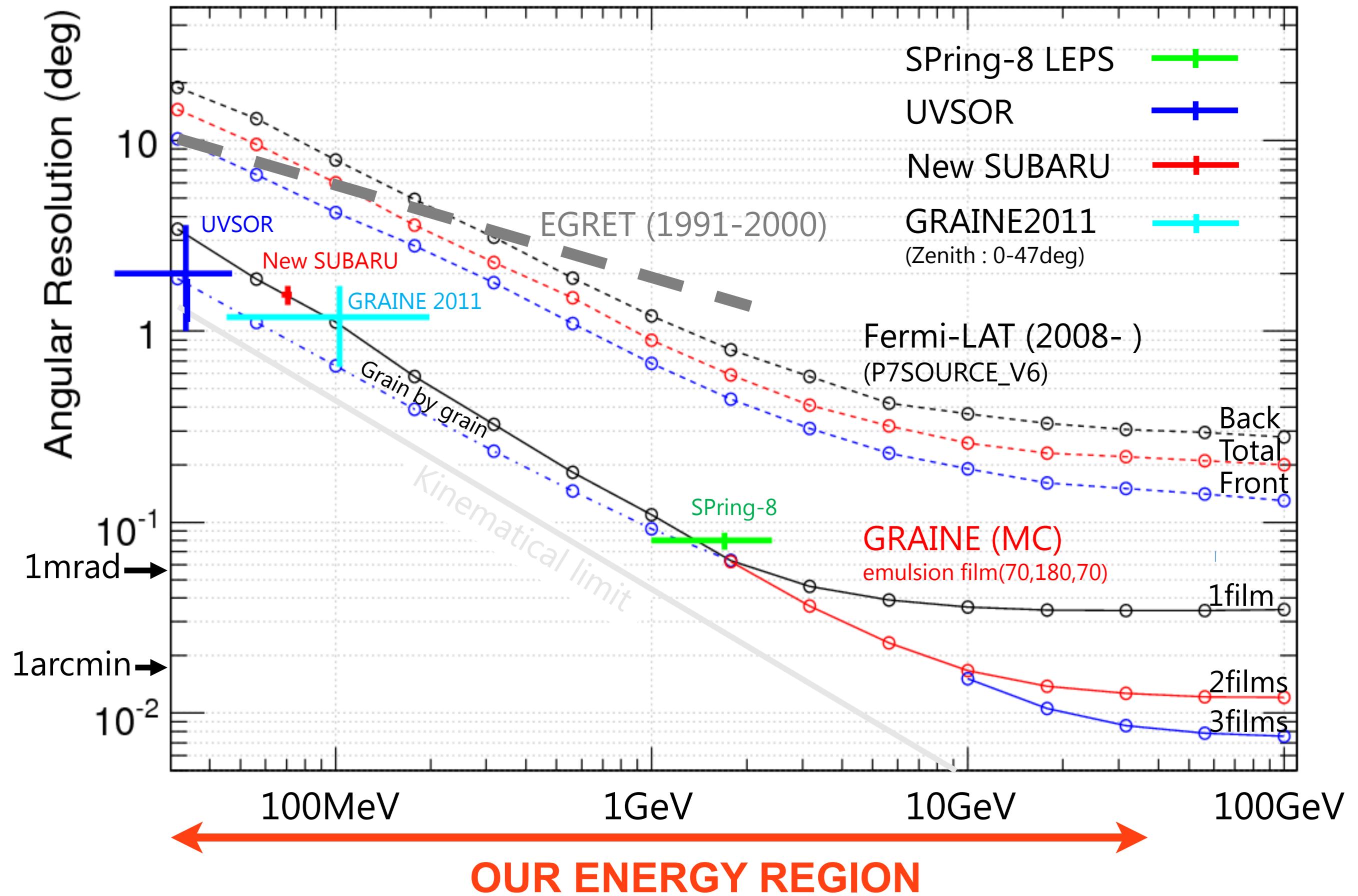
High-statistic → NEXT: Precise Observation

# Nuclear Emulsion

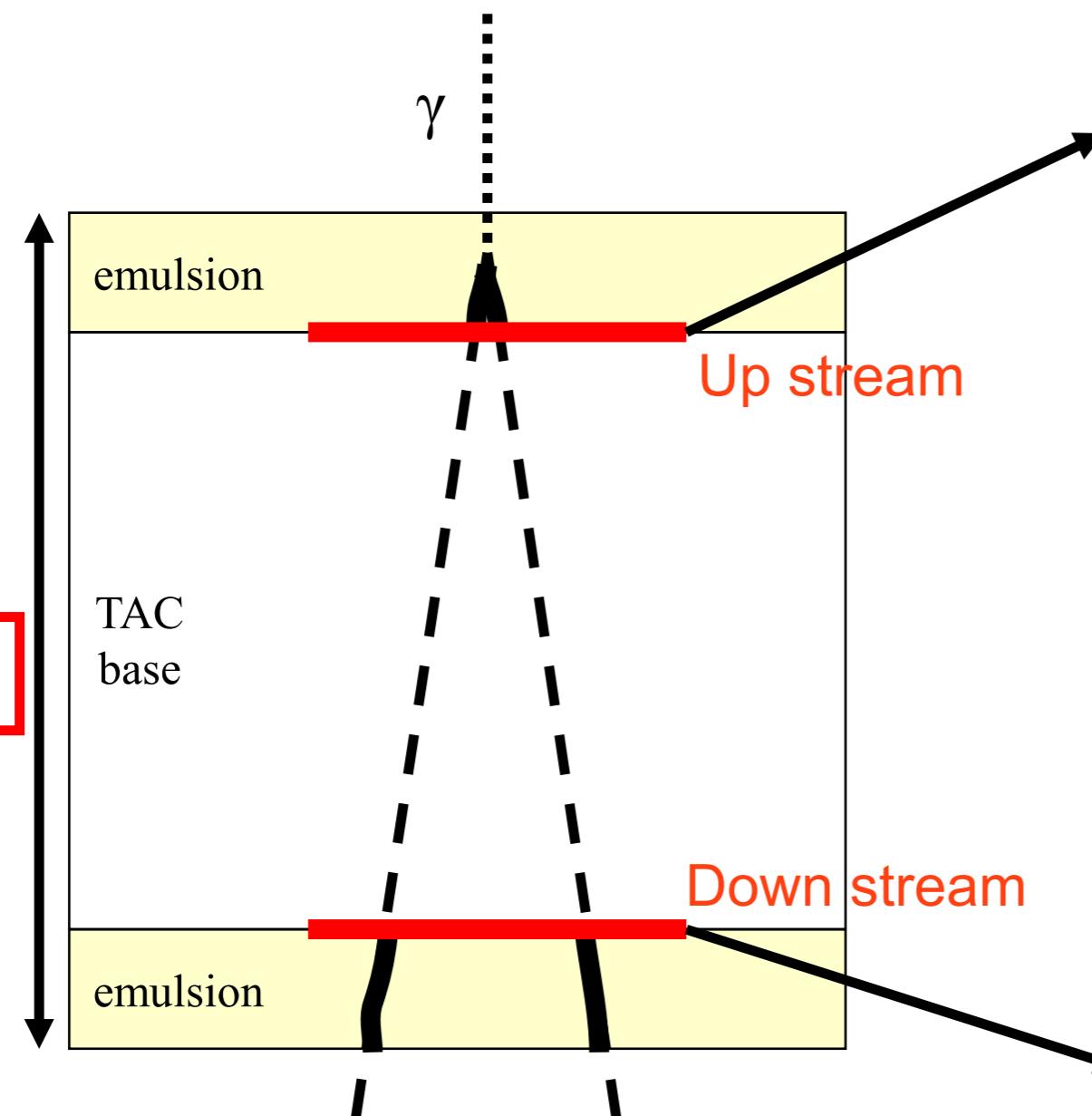
Microscopic view  
10micron



# Angular Resolution for Gamma Ray



# Polarimetry



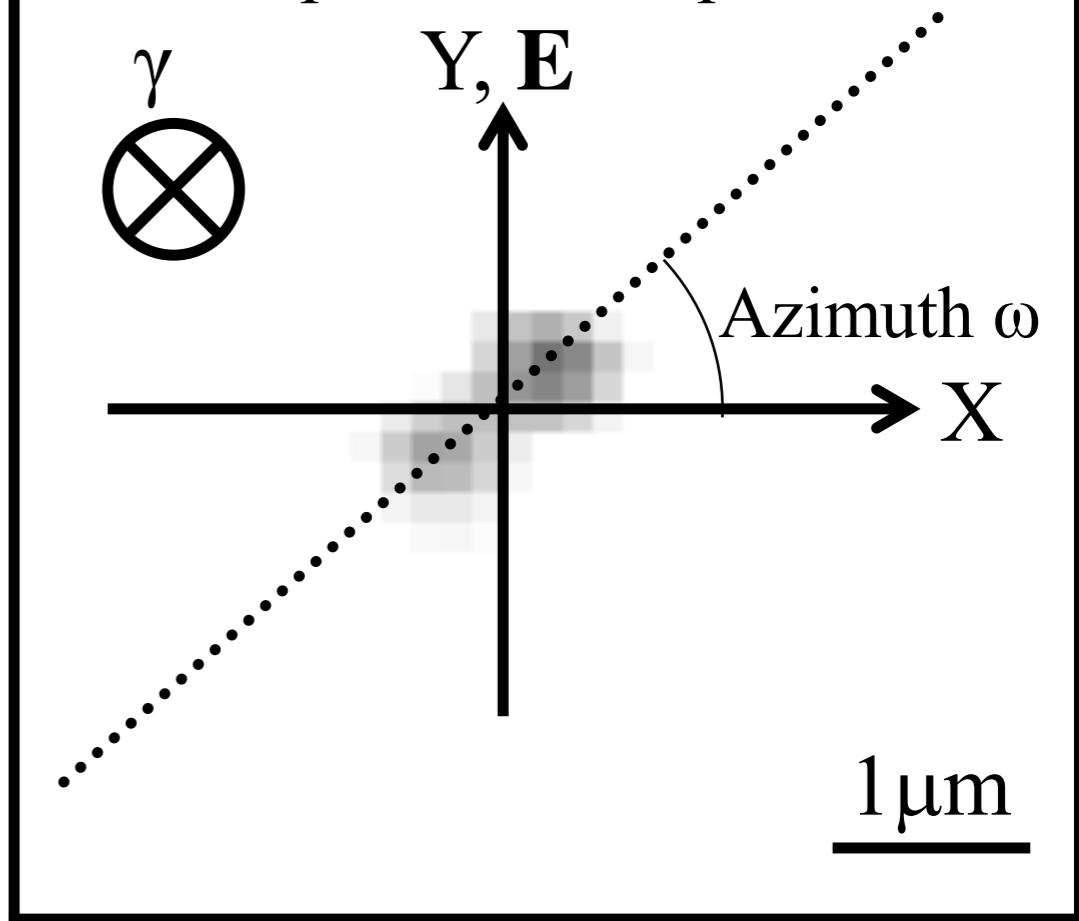
$$\sigma(\omega) = \sigma_0 \{ 1 + P \cdot A \cdot \cos 2(\omega - \pi/2) \}$$

P : degree of polarization

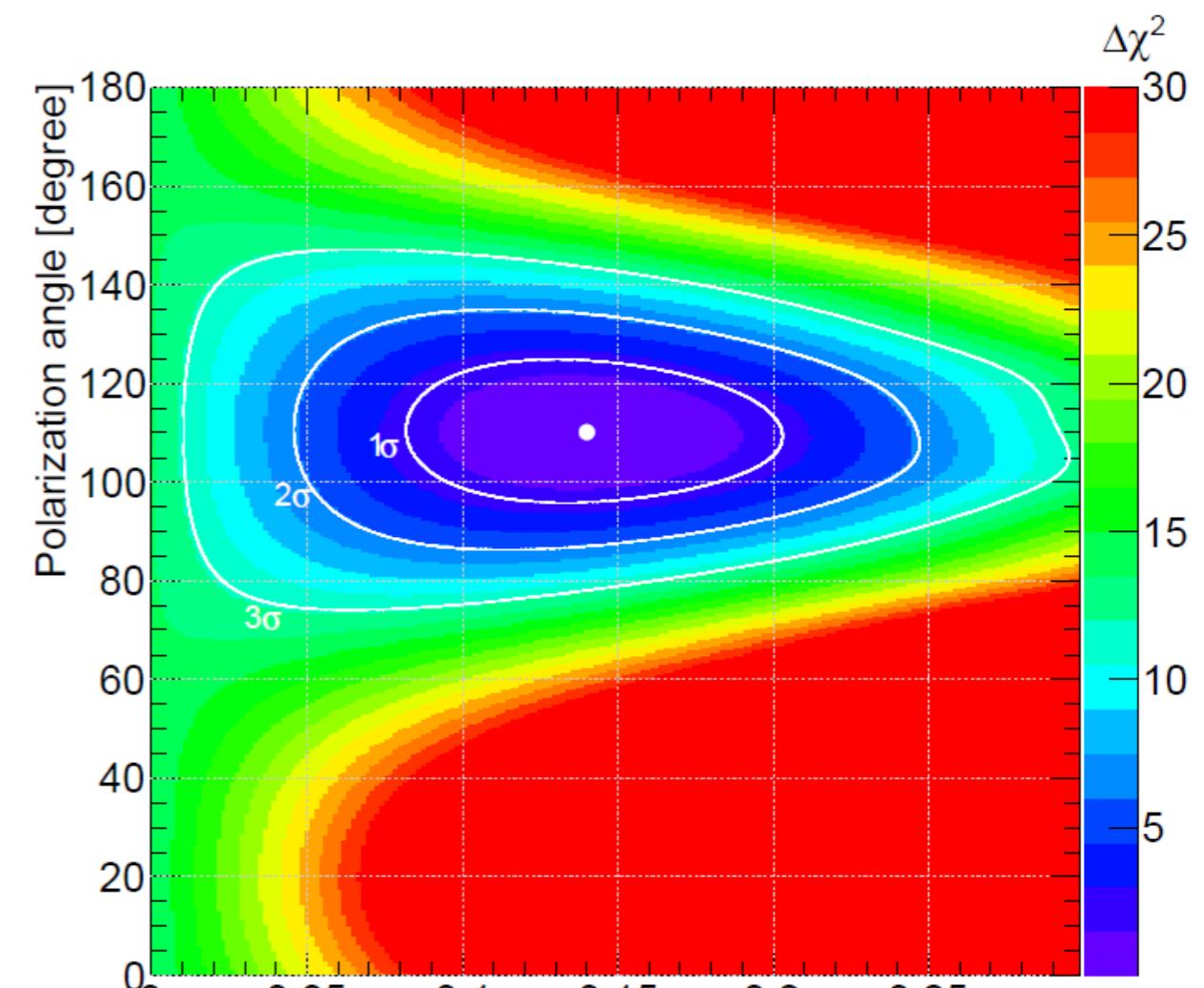
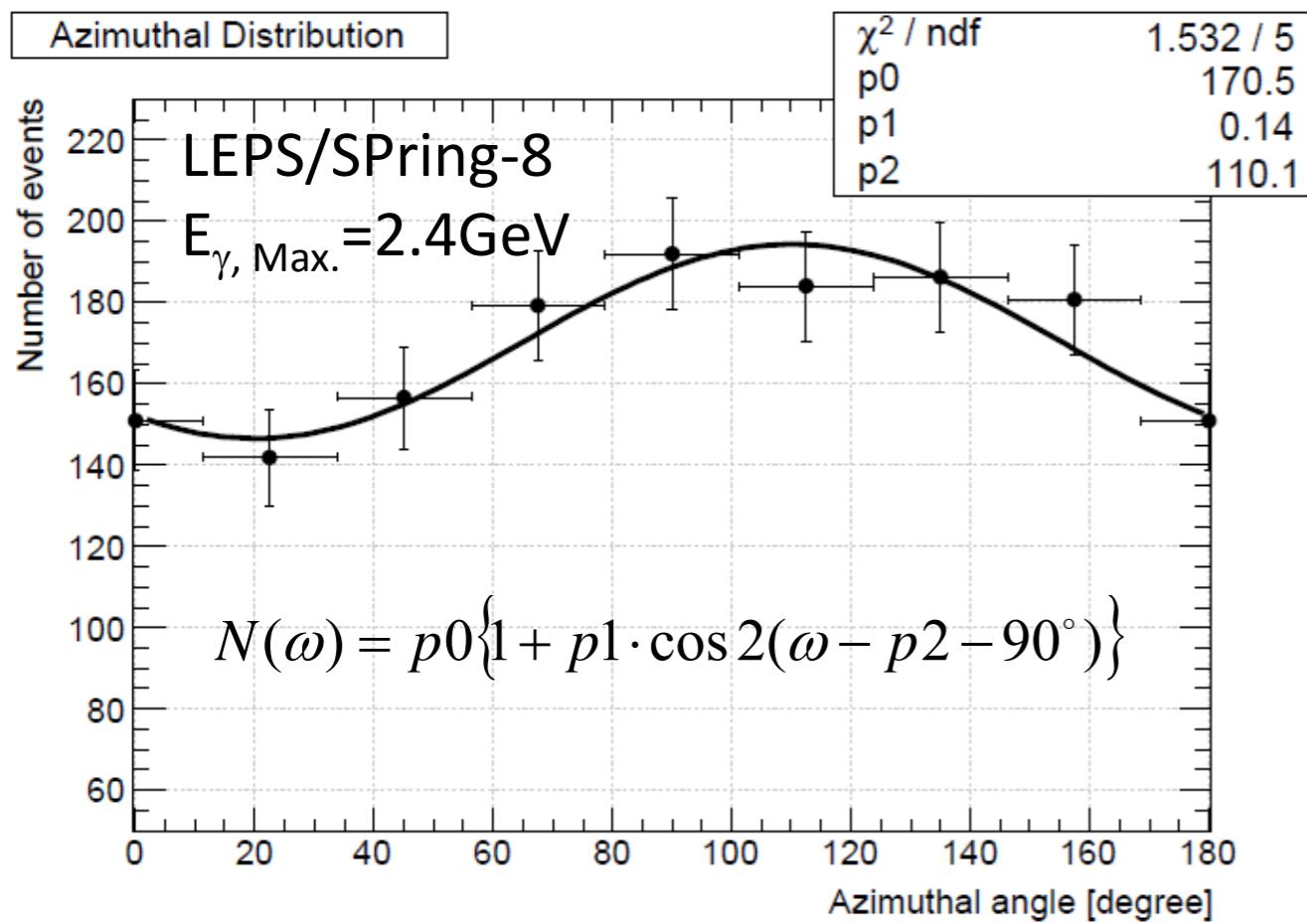
$\omega$ : Azimuth

A : Amplitude (0.1 – 0.3)<sub>depending on the kinematics</sub>

Microscopic view of a pair creation



# Polarization measurement with accel. $\gamma$ -ray beam



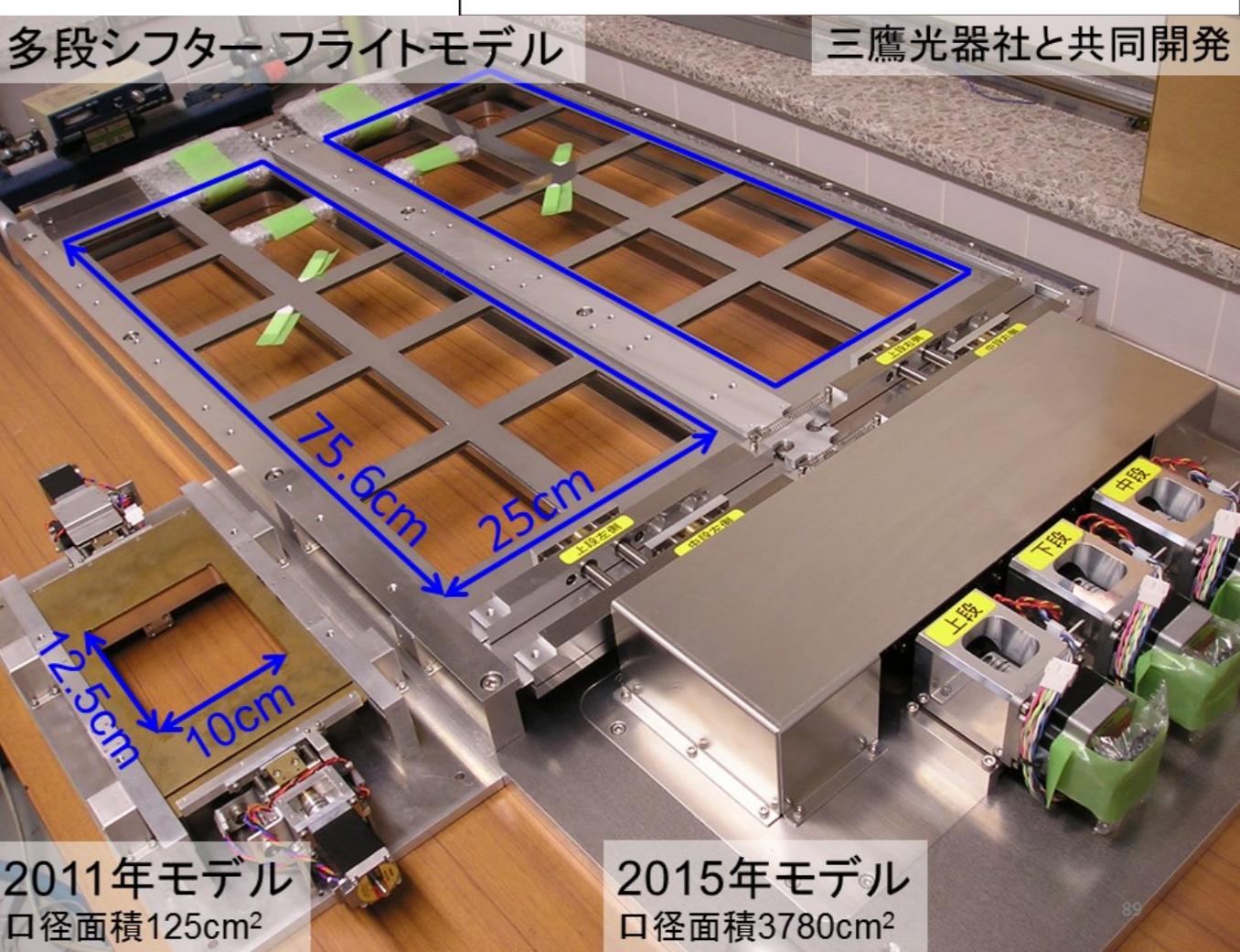
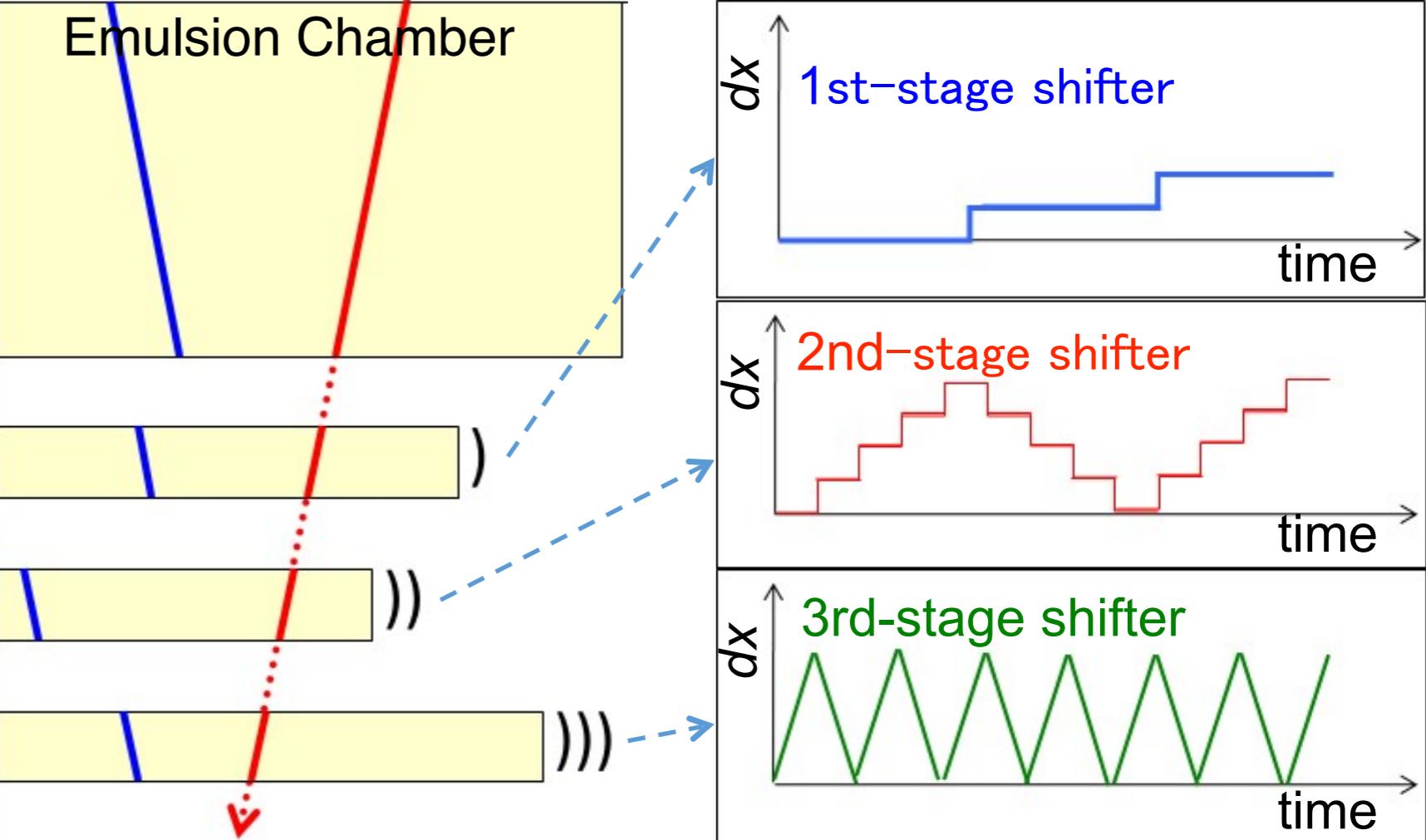
Significant & consistent result with expectation.

$\langle P \rangle = 66\%$ , modulation factor =  $0.21 \pm 0.09$

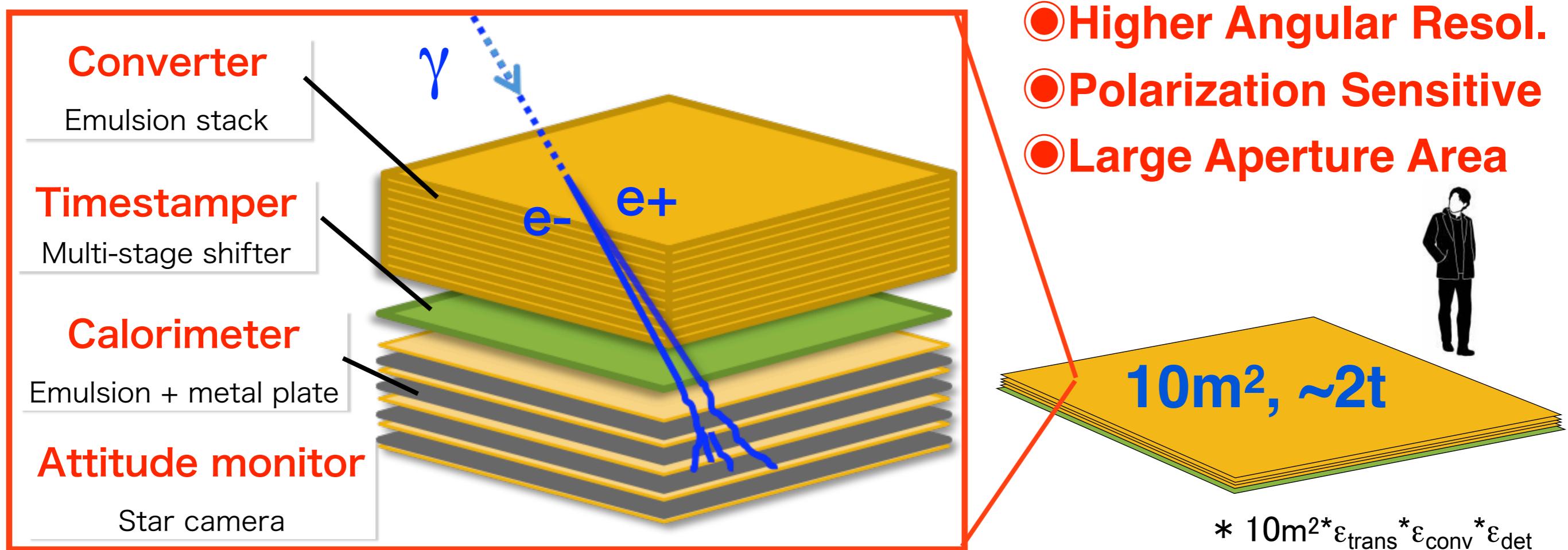
# New technique for GRAINE Multi-stage Shifter (Time stamper)

Consisting of emulsion film.  
Low momentum threshold~10MeV/c  
High reliability & efficiency  
Enlargeable  
Simple, compact, light weight, high-vol. free,  
low consumption, dead-time free

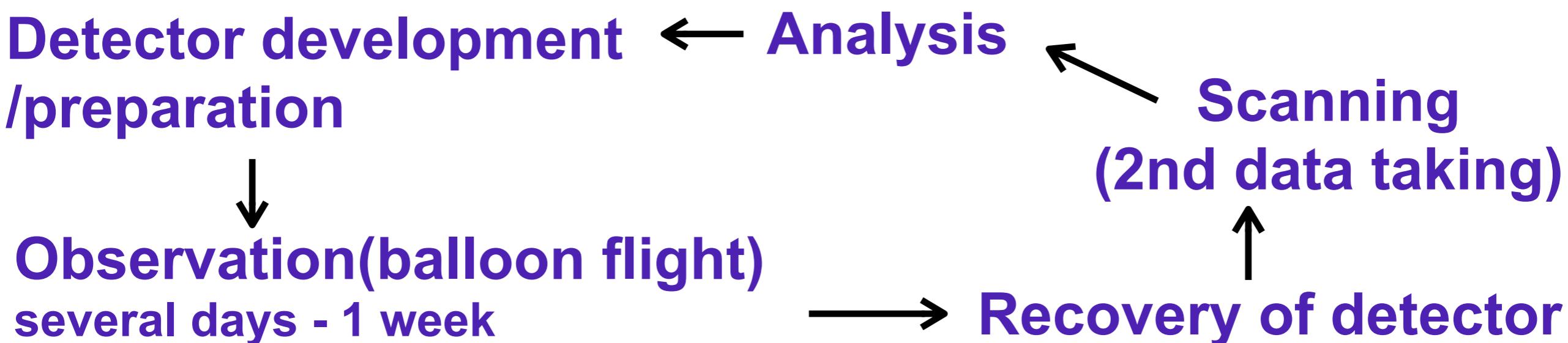
S. Takahashi et al.  
NIM A620(2010) pp.192-195



# Emulsion Gamma-ray Telescope



## Flow of experiment



# GRAINE project

## 2004– Development on ground

S.Takahashi et al. NIMA 620, 192 (2010)  
K.Ozaki et al. NIMA 833, 165 (2016)

## 2011(Jun.) 1st Balloon-Exp.

- Checking Feasibility

H.Rokujo et al. NIMA 701, 127 (2013).

S.Takahashi et al. PTEP 2015 043H01

## 2015(May.) 2nd Balloon-Exp.

- establishment of experimental flow
- demonstration of detector

K.Ozaki et al., JINST 10, P12018 (2015)

S.Takahashi et al. PTEP 2016, 073F01

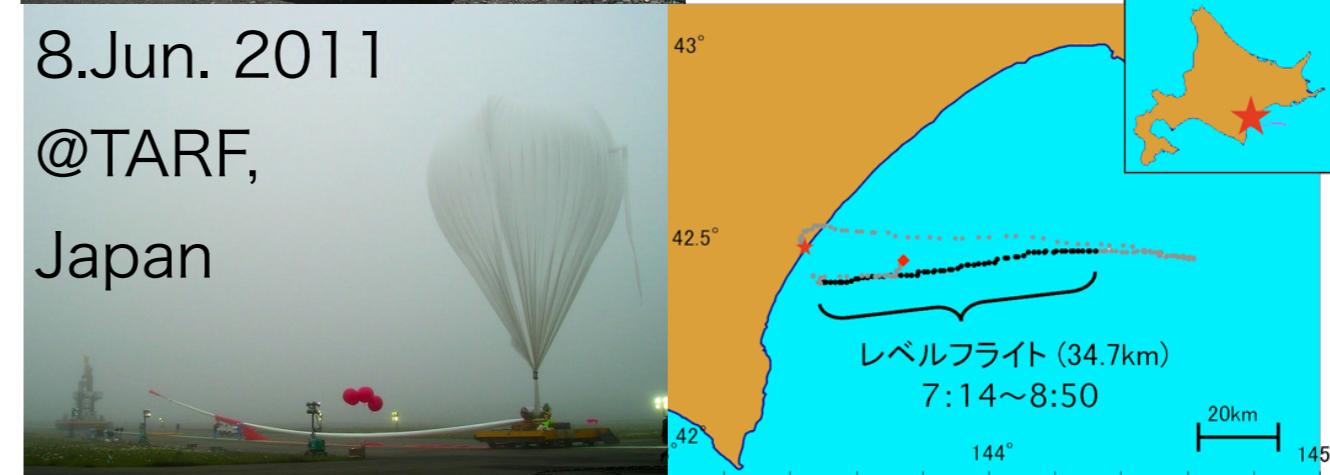
H.Rokujo et al., PTEP (submitted)



## GRAINE 2011

Aperture : 0.013m<sup>2</sup>

1.6 h@35km



## Under Preparation

## 2018(Apr.) 3rd Balloon-Exp.

- Celestial source detection

## 2021- Start scientific

observation w/10m<sup>2</sup>



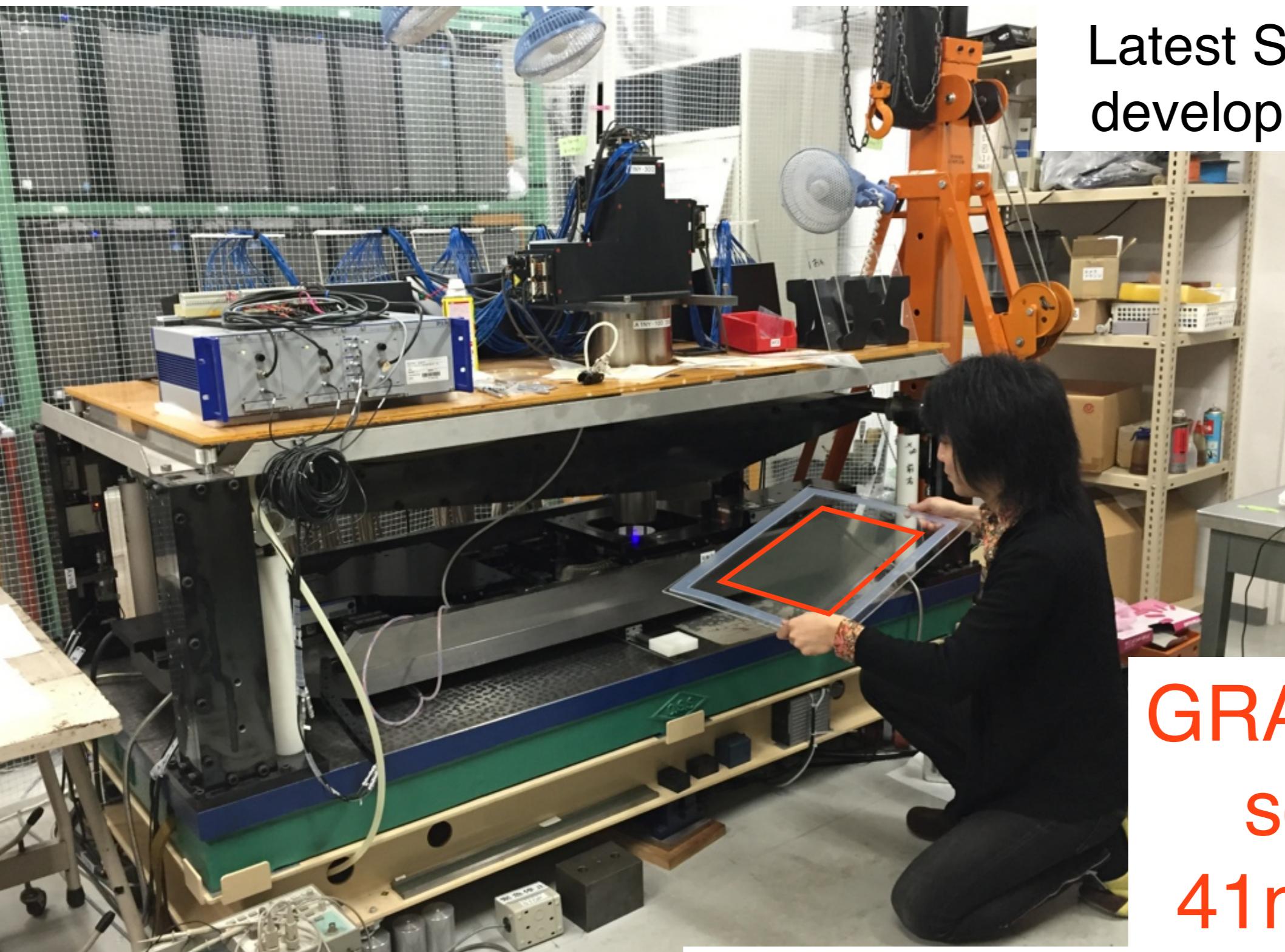
## GRAINE 2015

Aperture : 0.38m<sup>2</sup>

11.5 h@36-37km



# Data taking by Scanning System

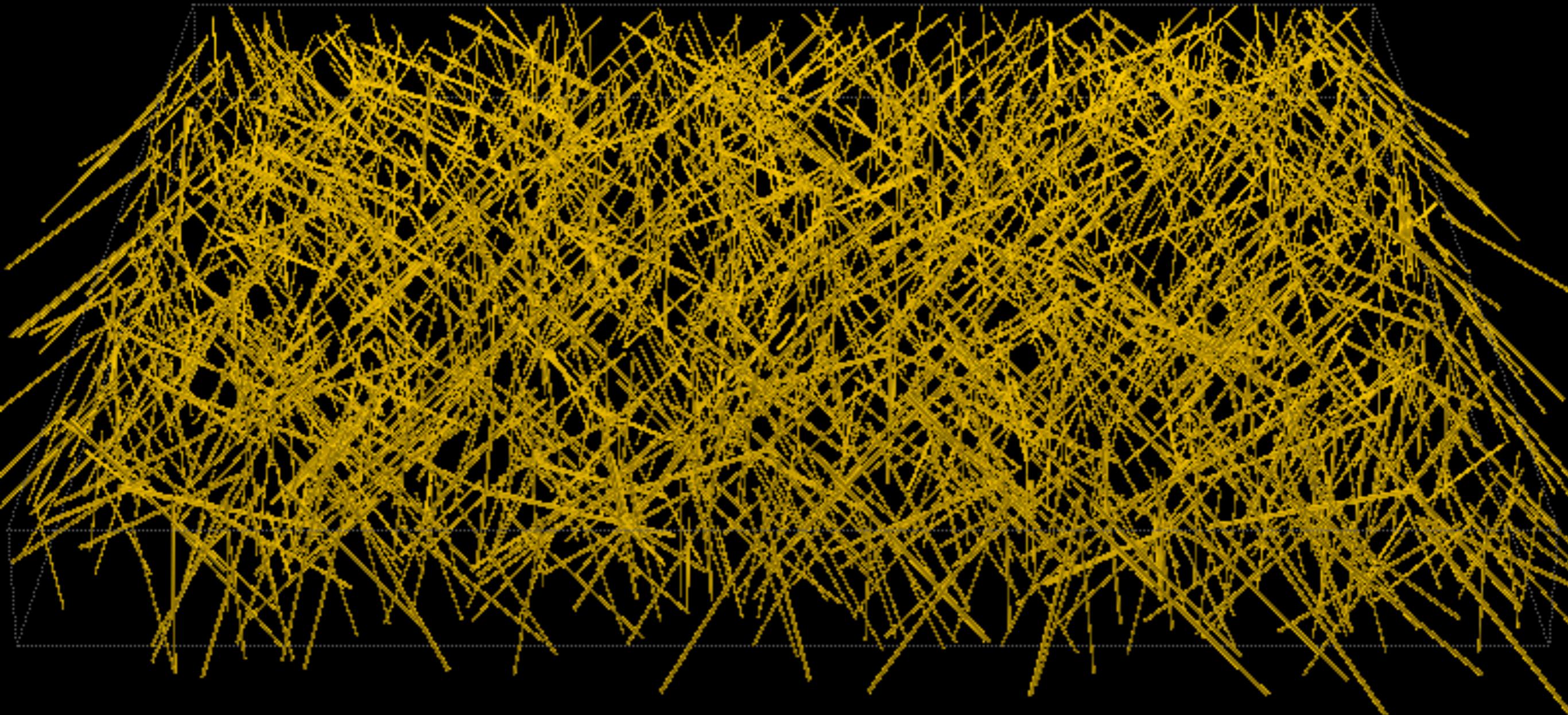


Latest System “HTS”  
developed in Nagoya

GRAINE 2015  
scanned  
 $41\text{m}^2$  in total

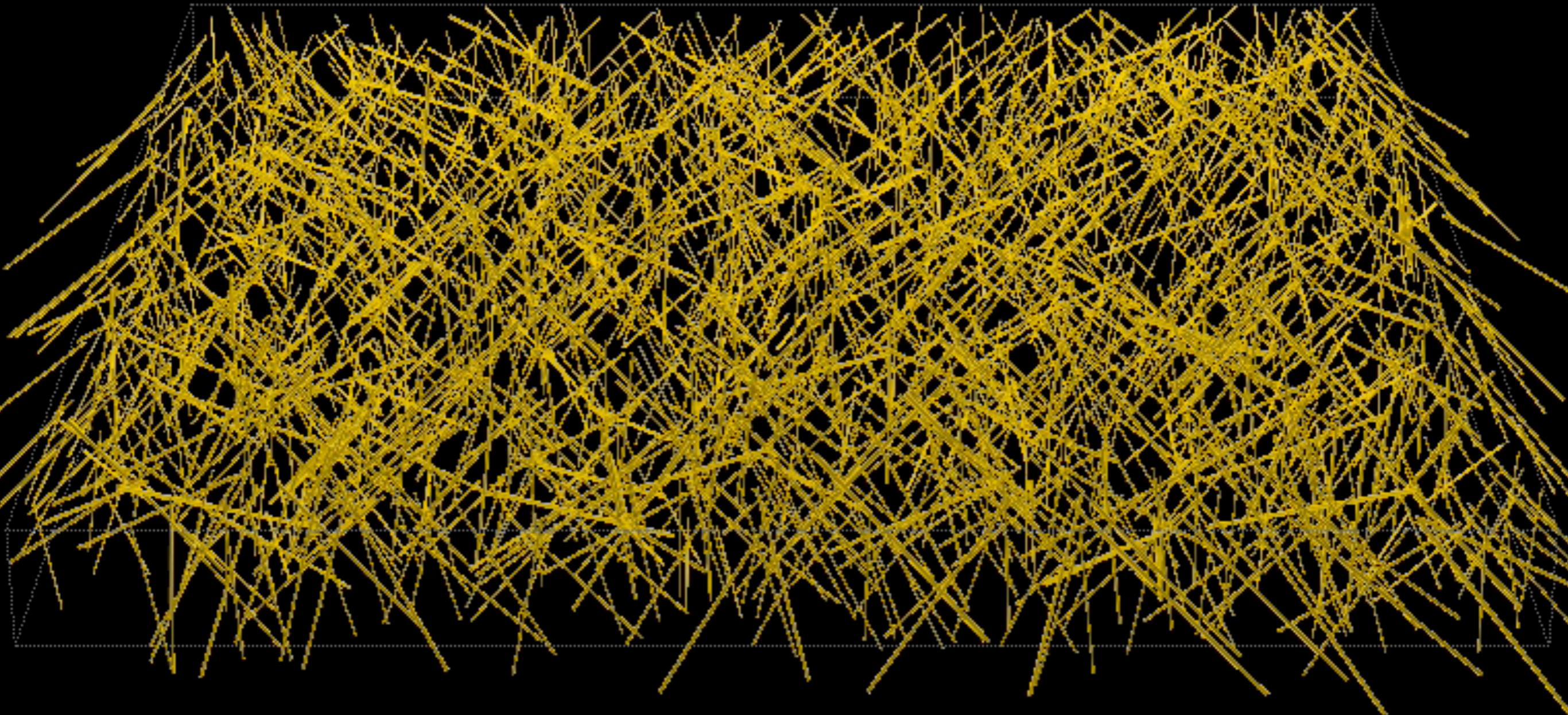
current speed  $4000\text{ cm}^2/\text{h}$   
→  $25000\text{cm}^2/\text{h}$  by next generation system

# Flight data



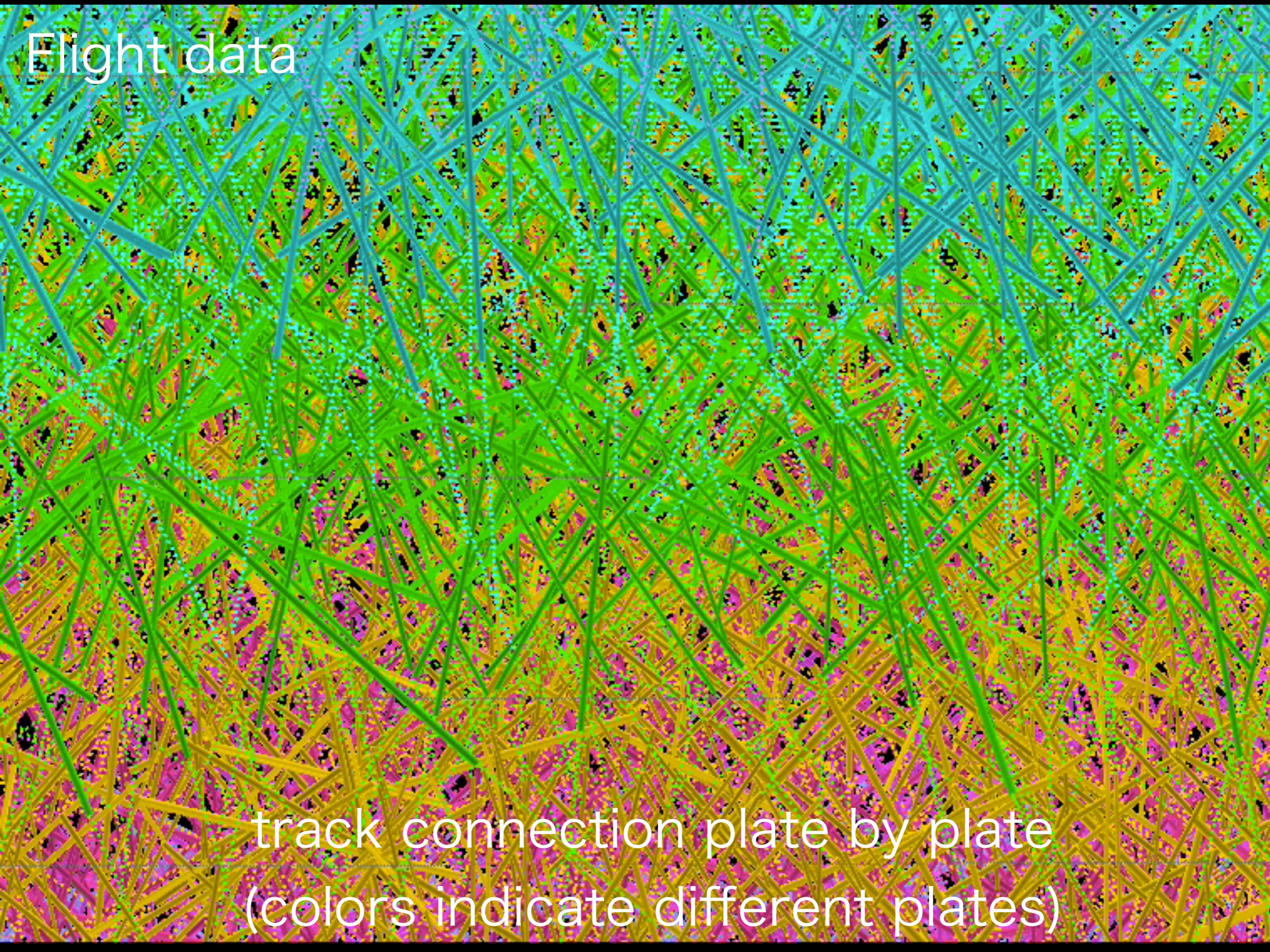
2 mm x 2 mm of single film

# Flight data



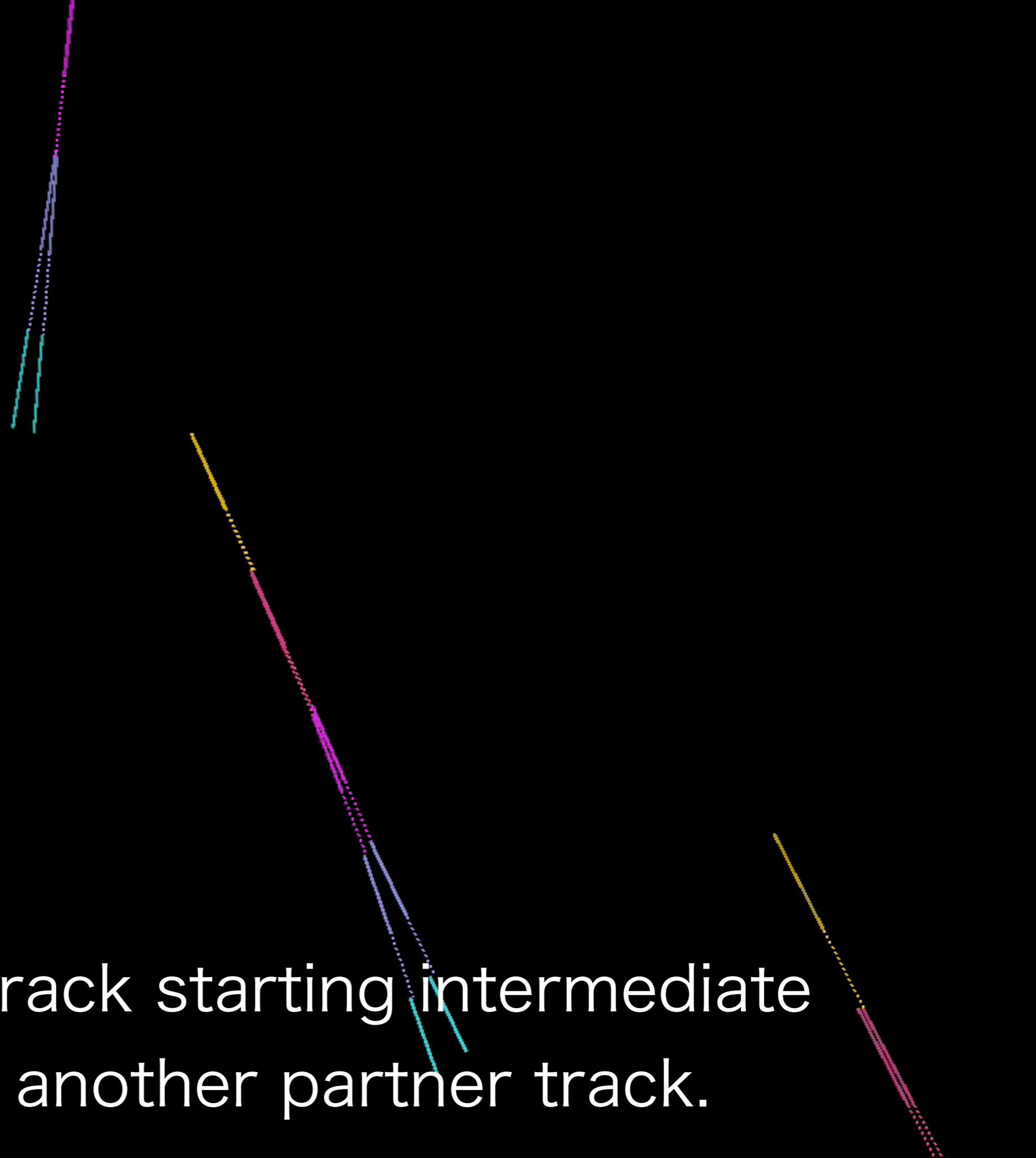
emulsion film records all charged particles.  
density ~400 tracks/mm<sup>2</sup>

Flight data



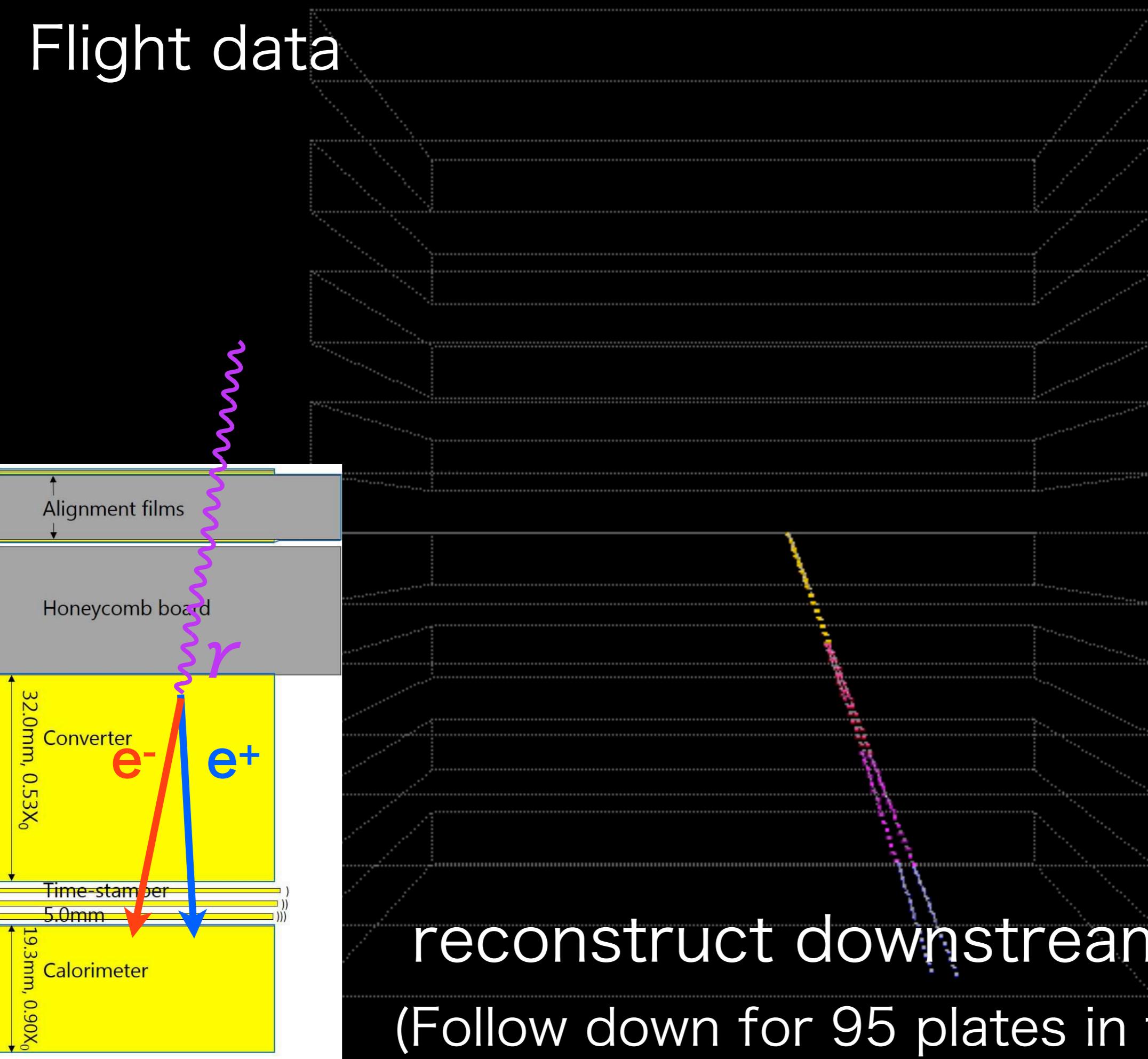
track connection plate by plate  
(colors indicate different plates)

# Flight data



select track starting intermediate  
with another partner track.

# Flight data



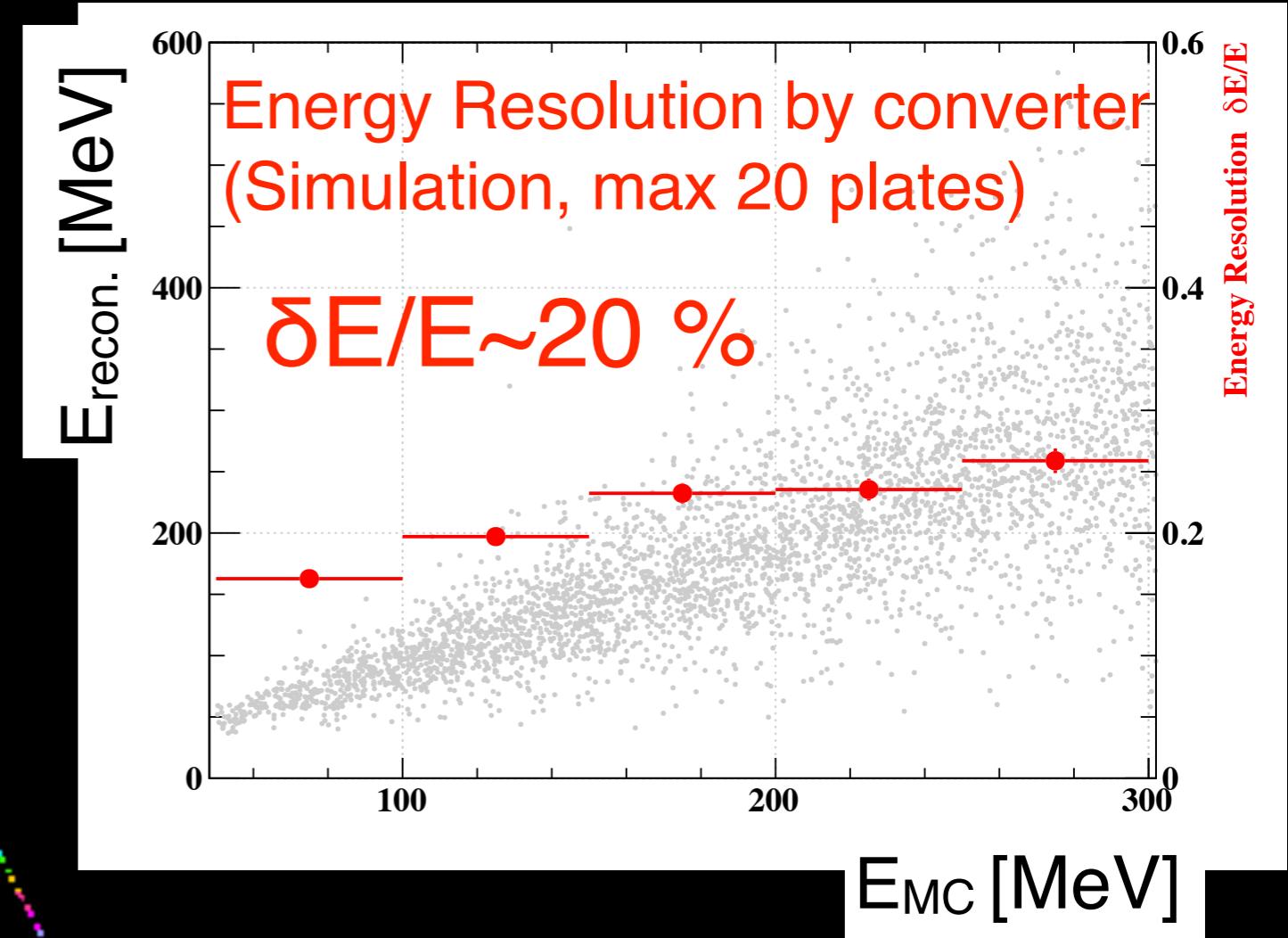
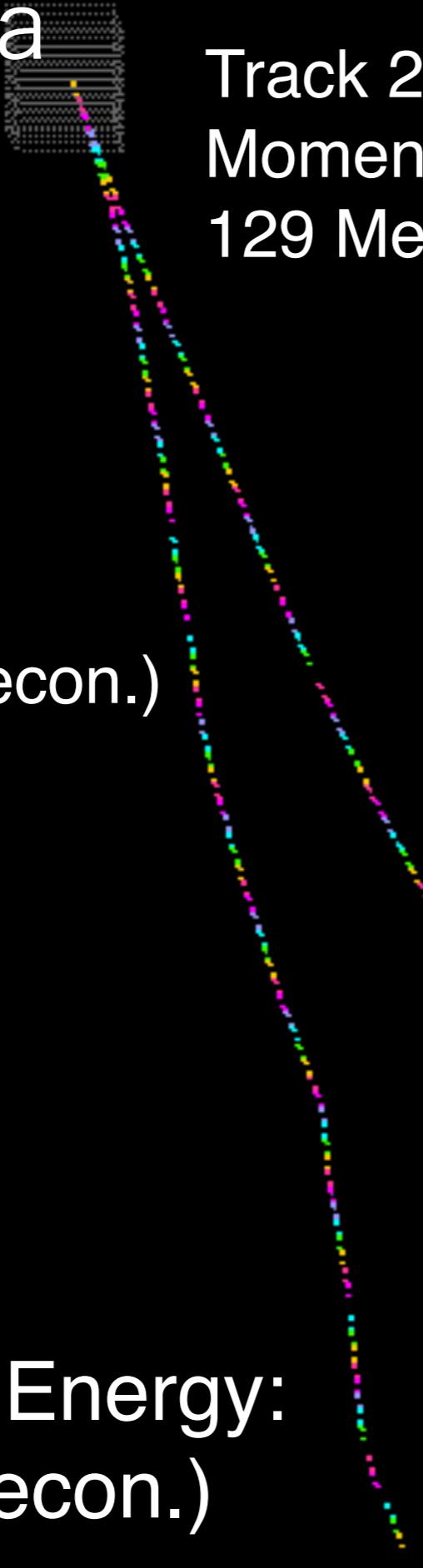
reconstruct downstream tracks  
(Follow down for 95 plates in this event)

# Flight data

Track 1  
Momentum:  
46 MeV/c (Recon.)

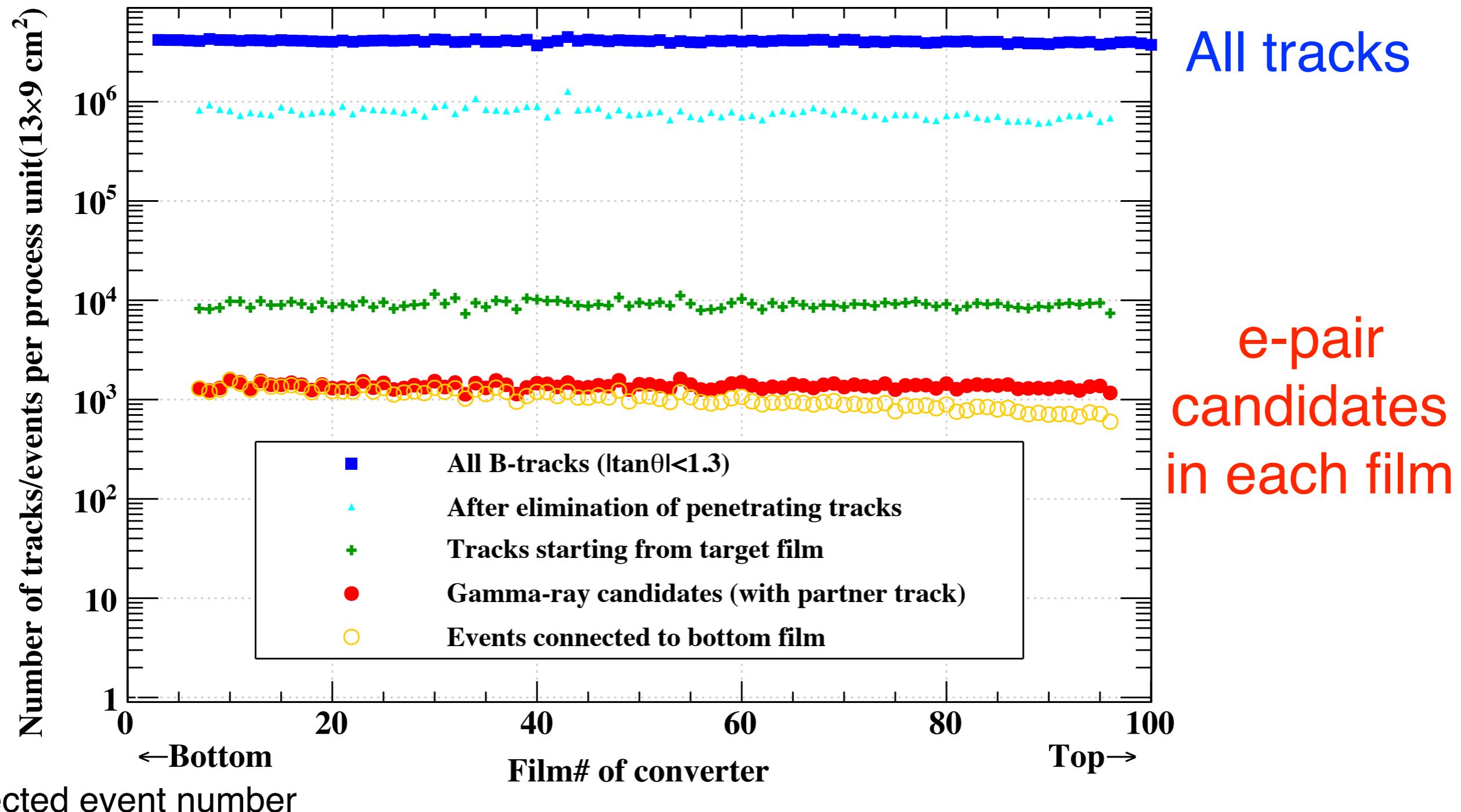
Track 2  
Momentum:  
129 MeV/c (Recon.)

Gamma-ray Energy:  
176 MeV (Recon.)



# Recent Progress of GRAINE

## ■ Automatic $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ Selection for the whole of the chamber



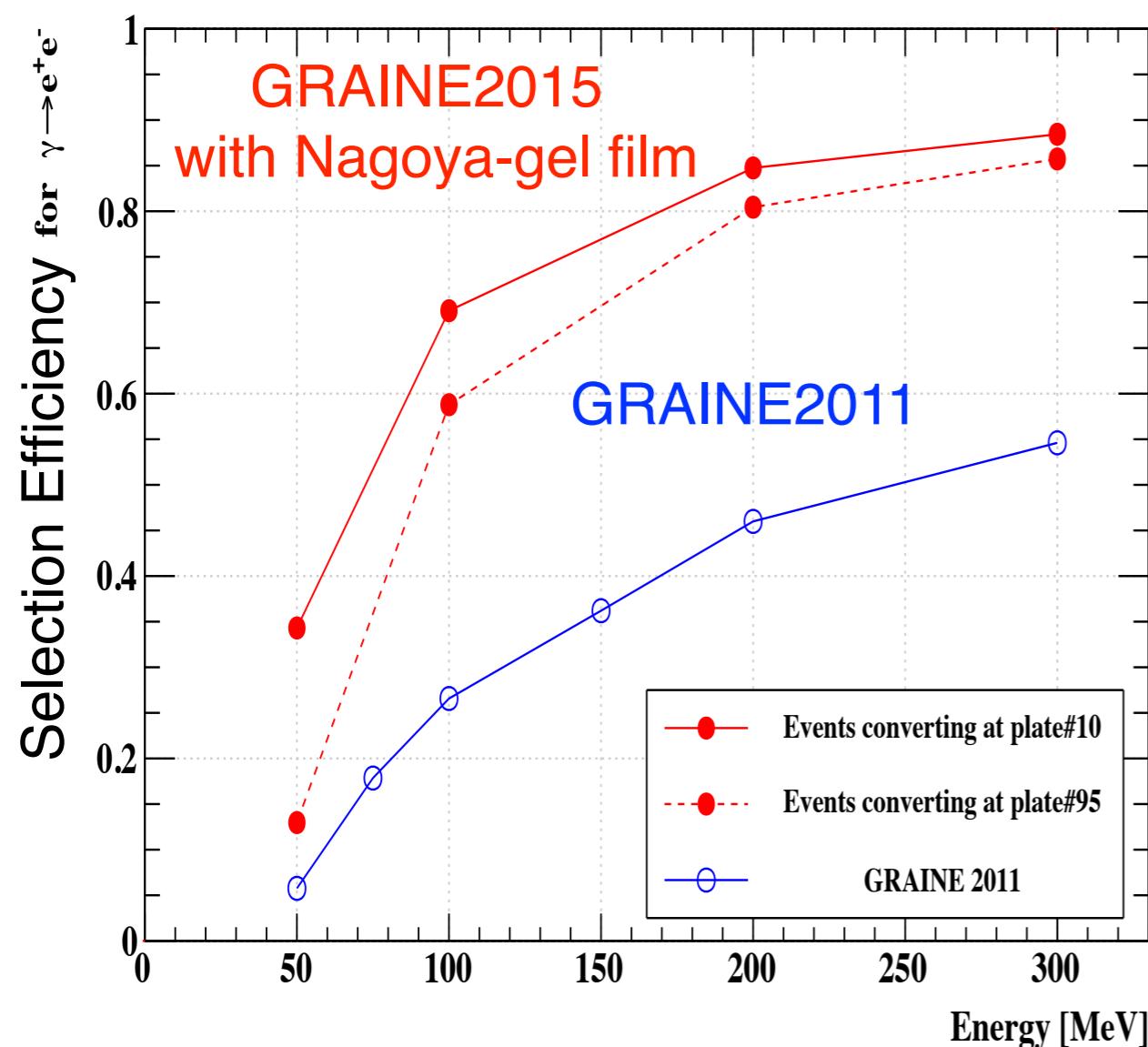
GRAINE2011  
157 events

reliability 98%, partial analysis

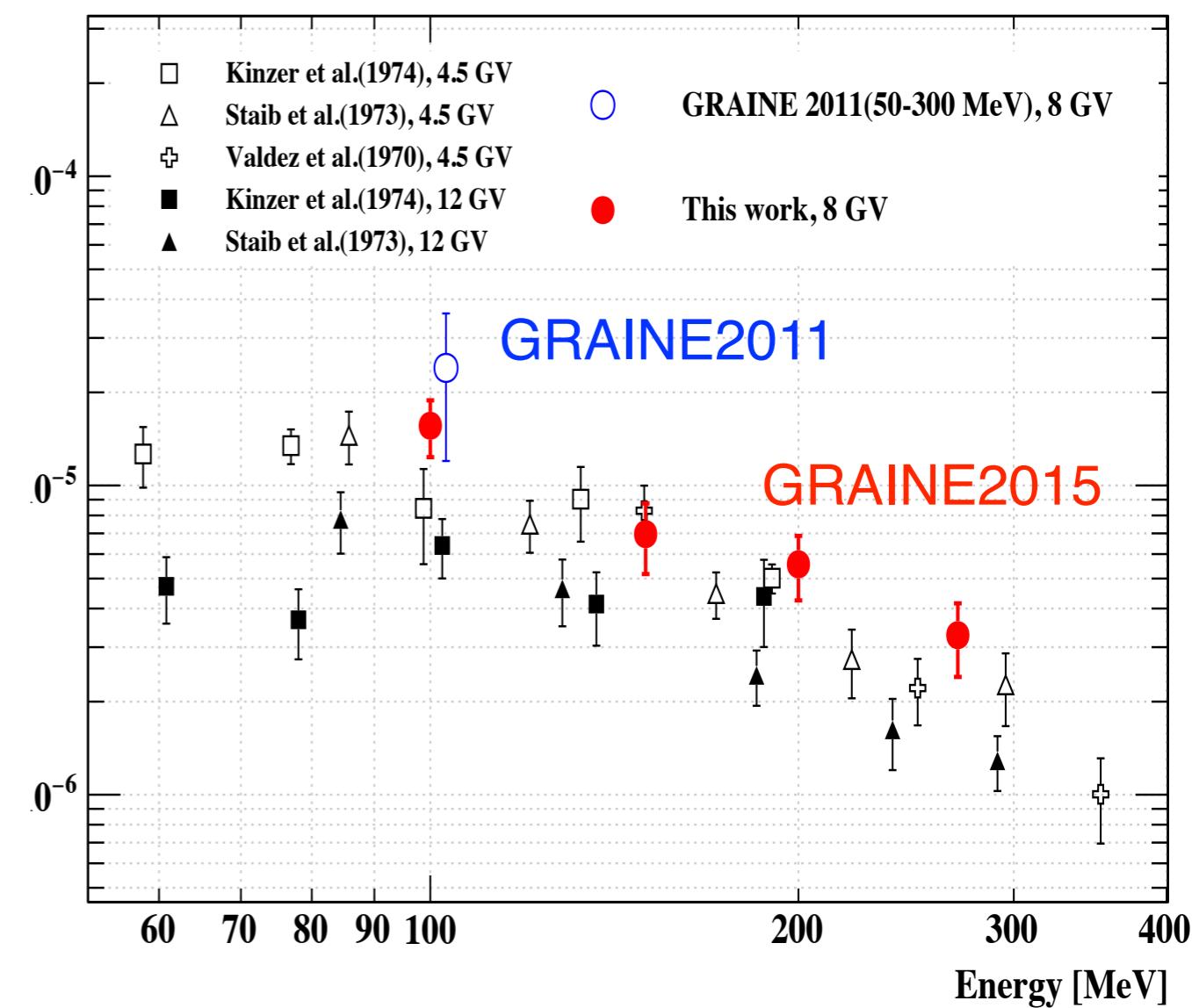
GRAINE2015  
~ $10^6$  events  
reliability 95%, almost full analysis (~75%)

# Recent Progress of GRAINE

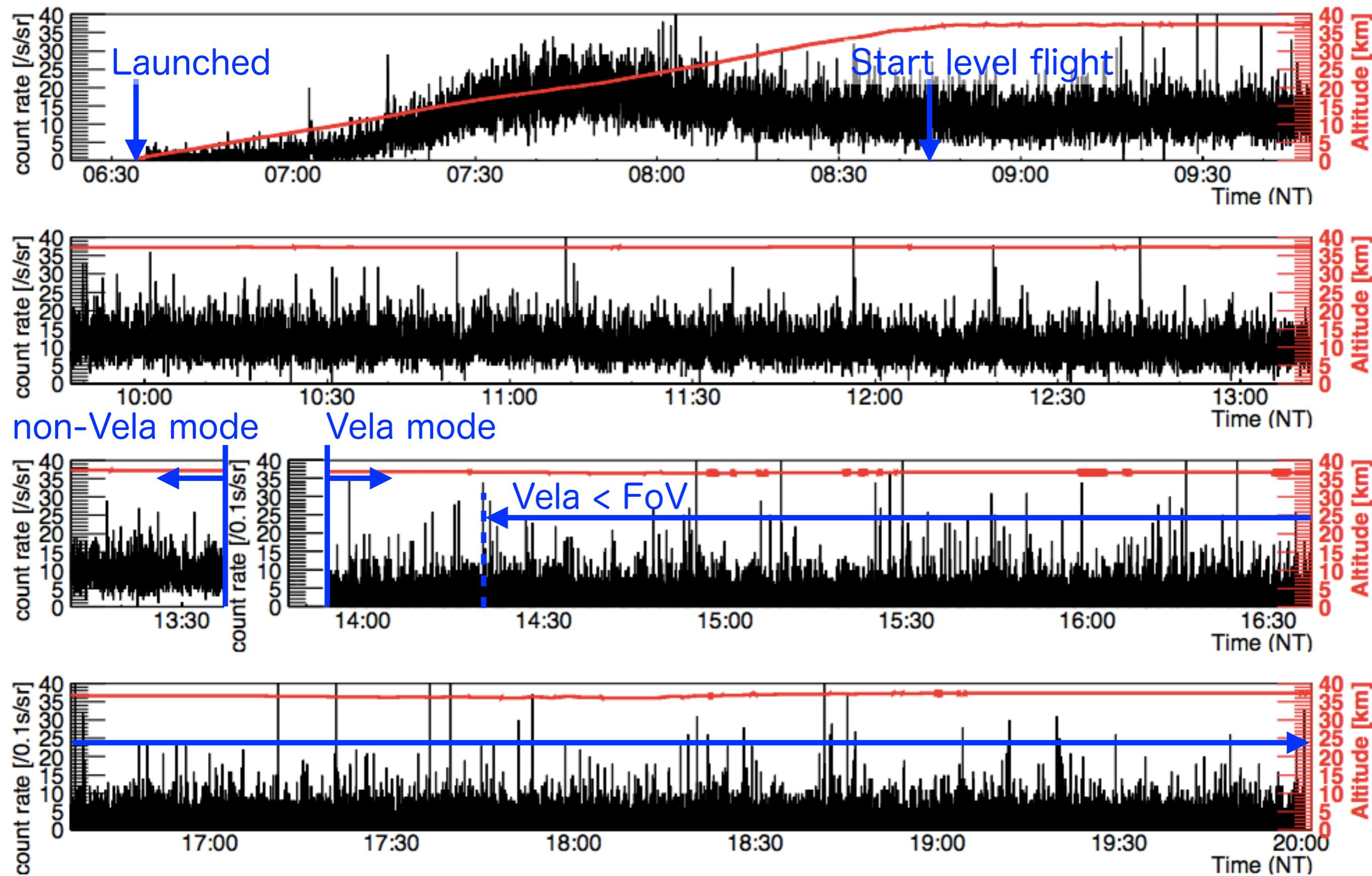
## ■ Selection Performance(MC)



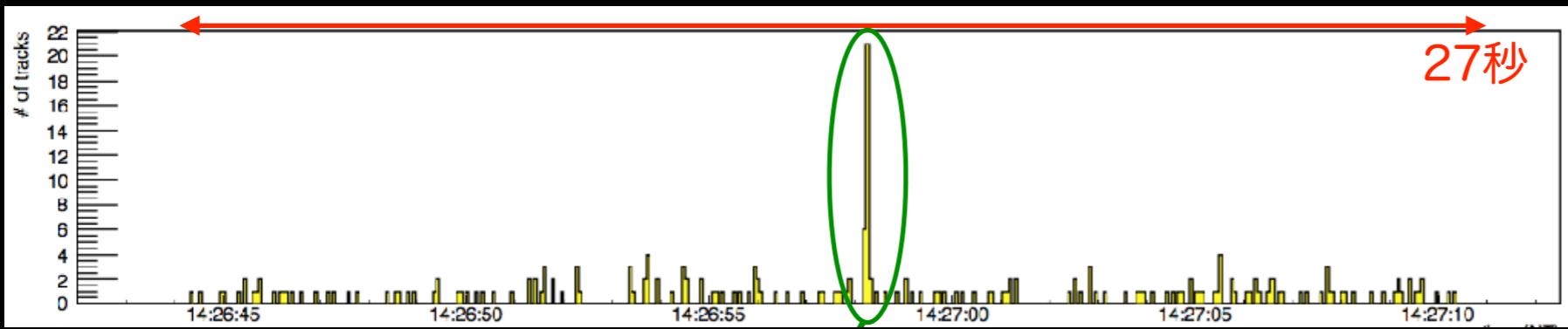
## ■ BG Flux Measurement (atmospheric gamma rays)



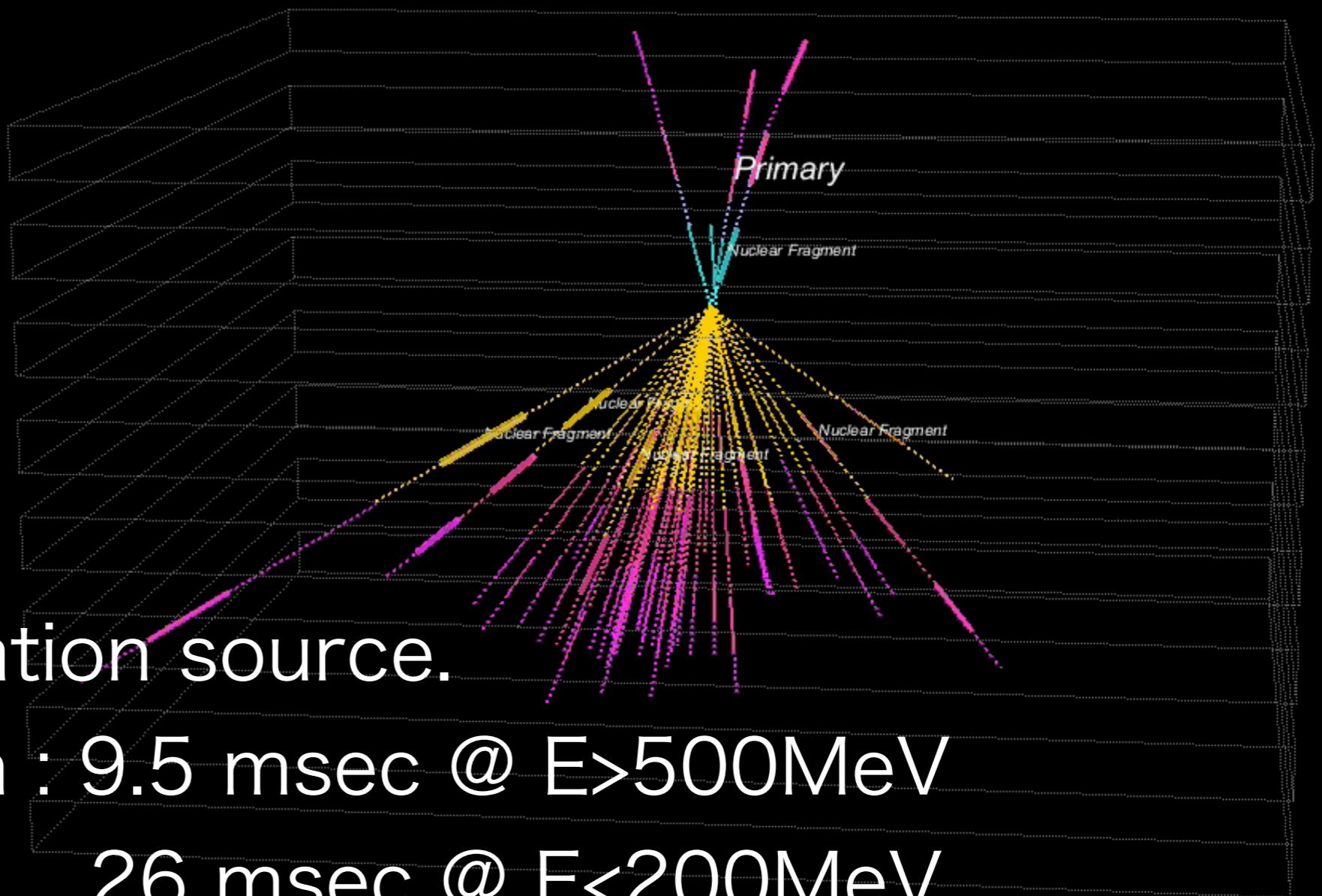
# Count Rate of Cosmic Ray



# Trigger of Hadronic Interaction Event by Timing Information



3 mm x 3mm.

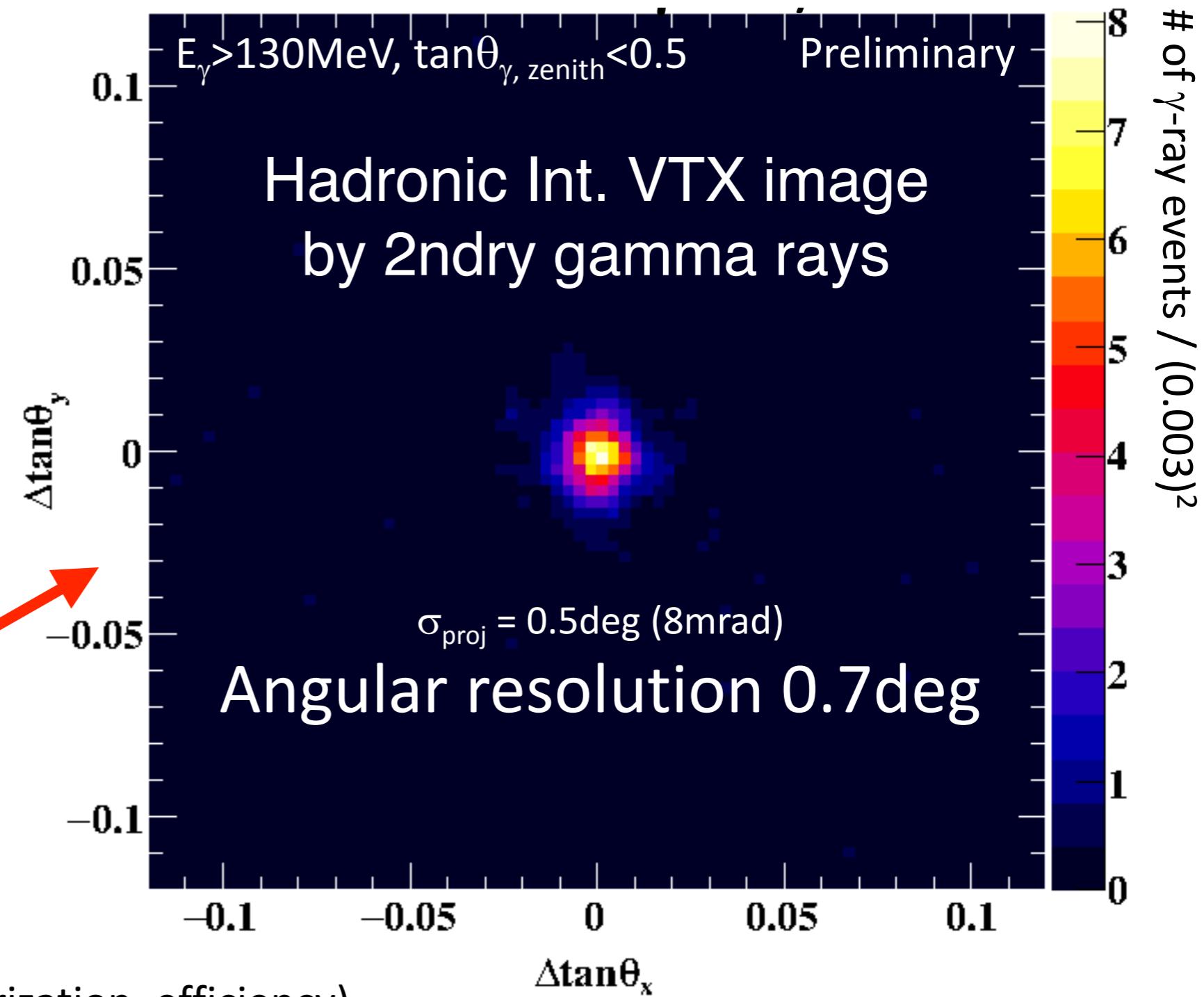
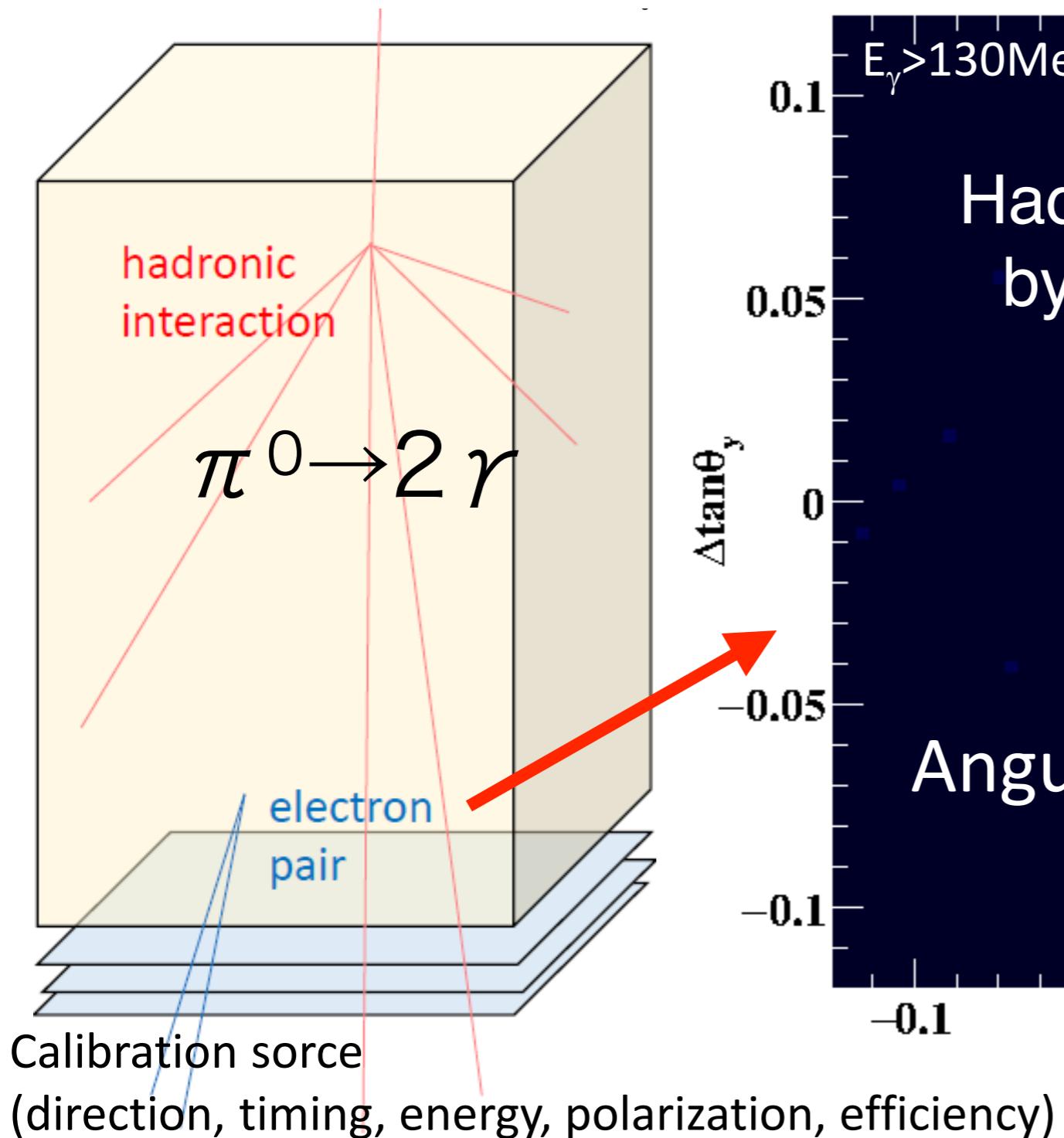


For timing calibration source.

→ Time resolution : 9.5 msec @  $E > 500\text{MeV}$

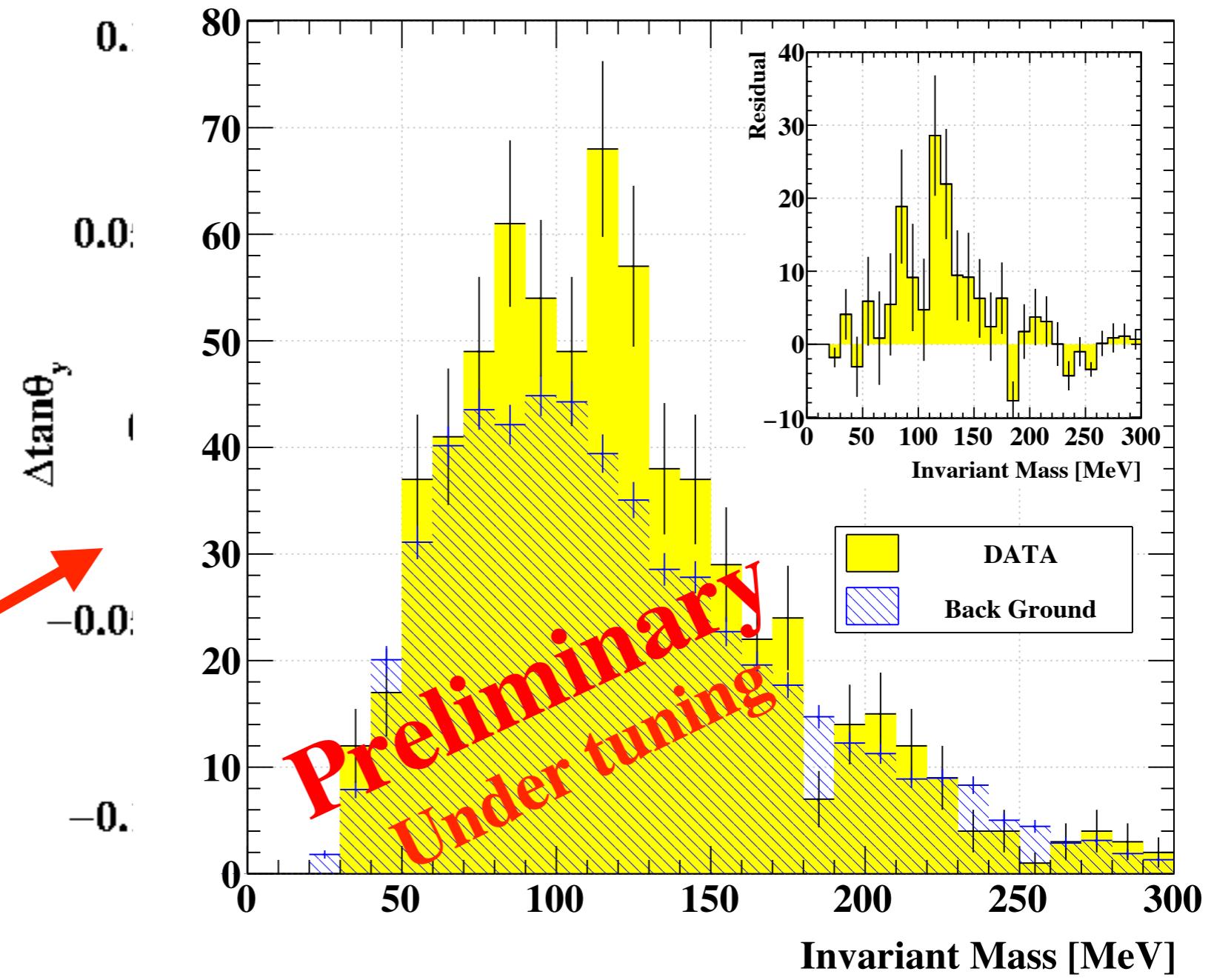
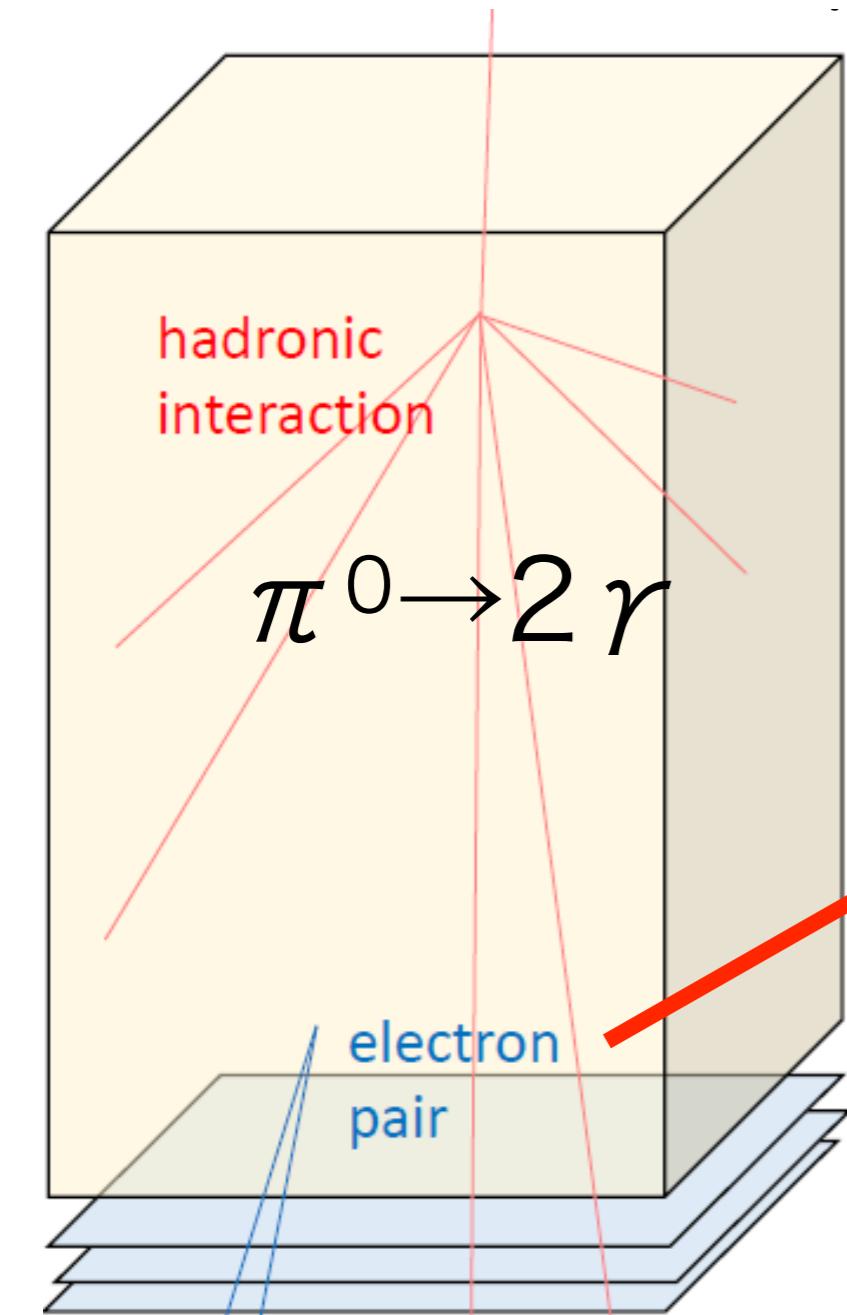
26 msec @  $E < 200\text{MeV}$

# Calibration source for gamma-ray telescope

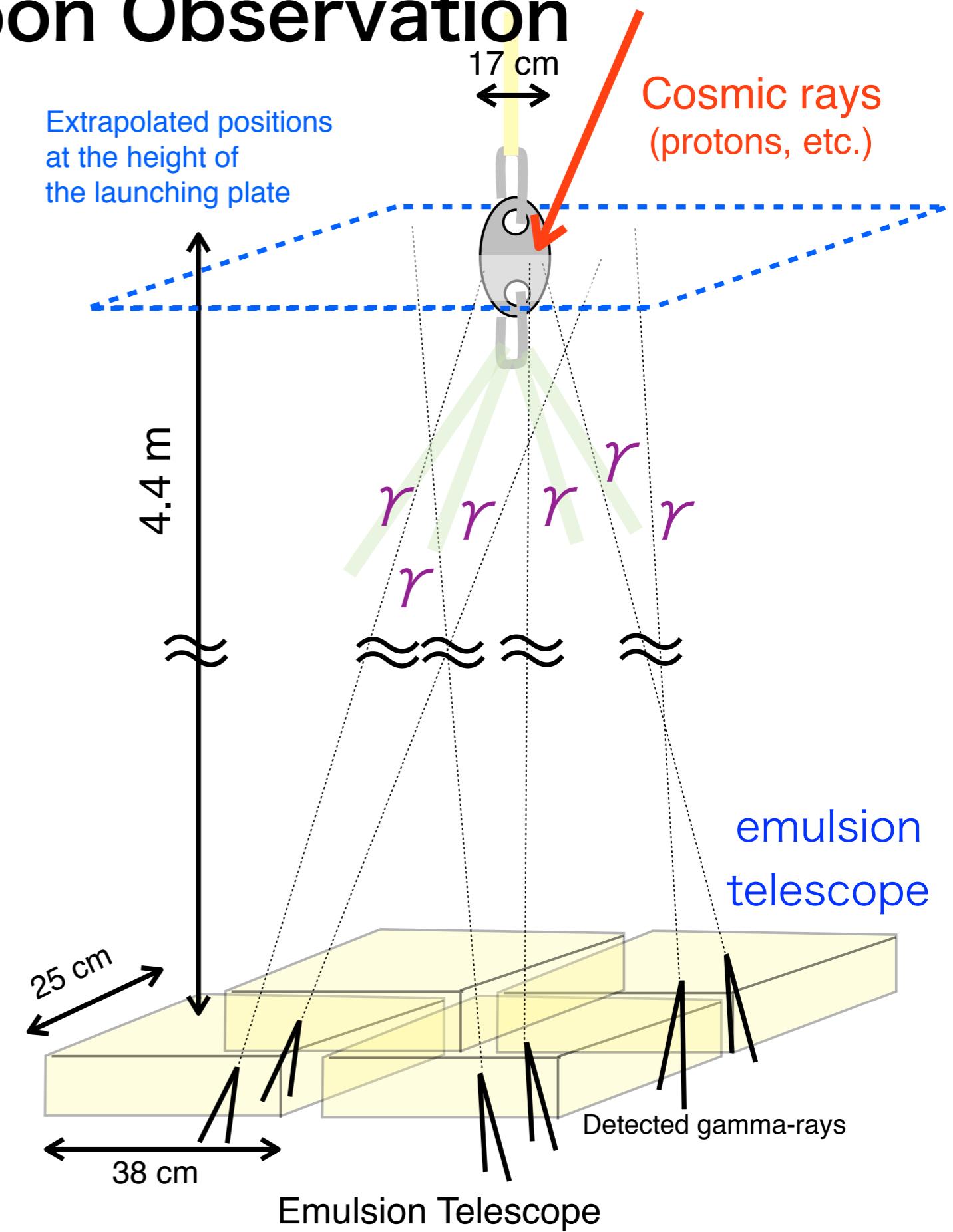
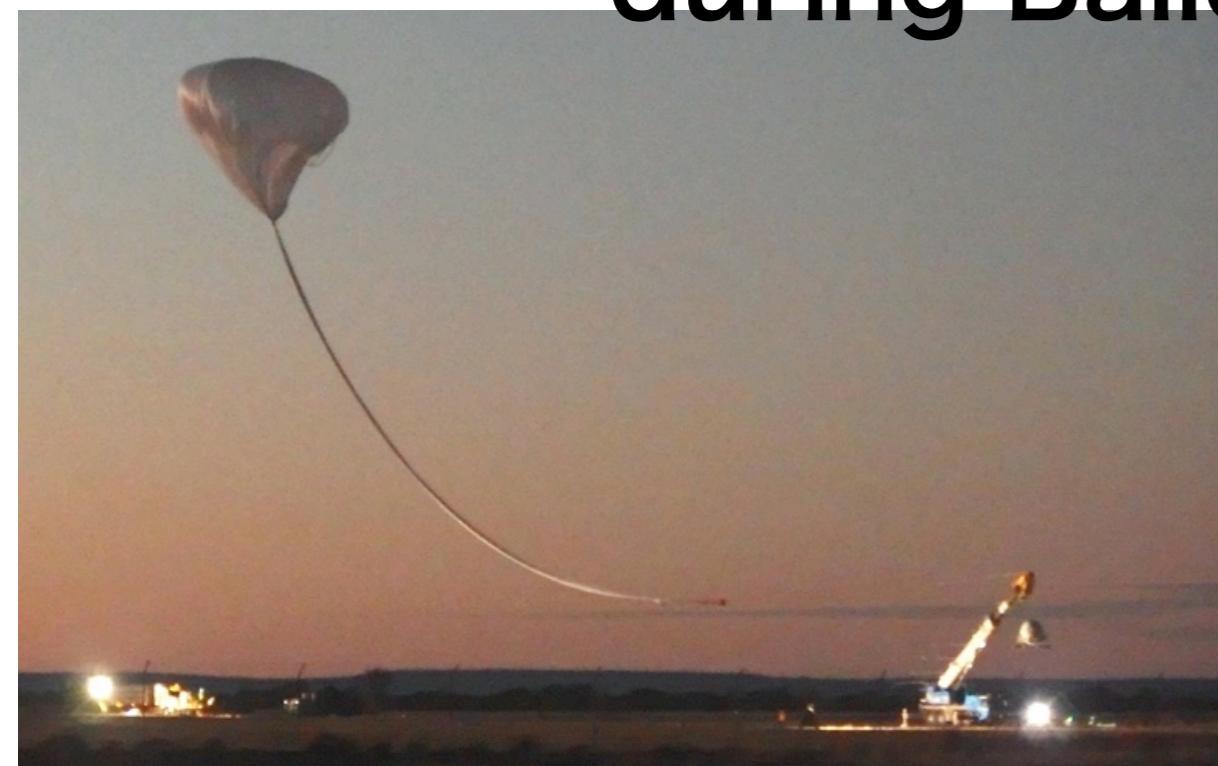


High  $\gamma$ -ray imaging performance is being obtained.

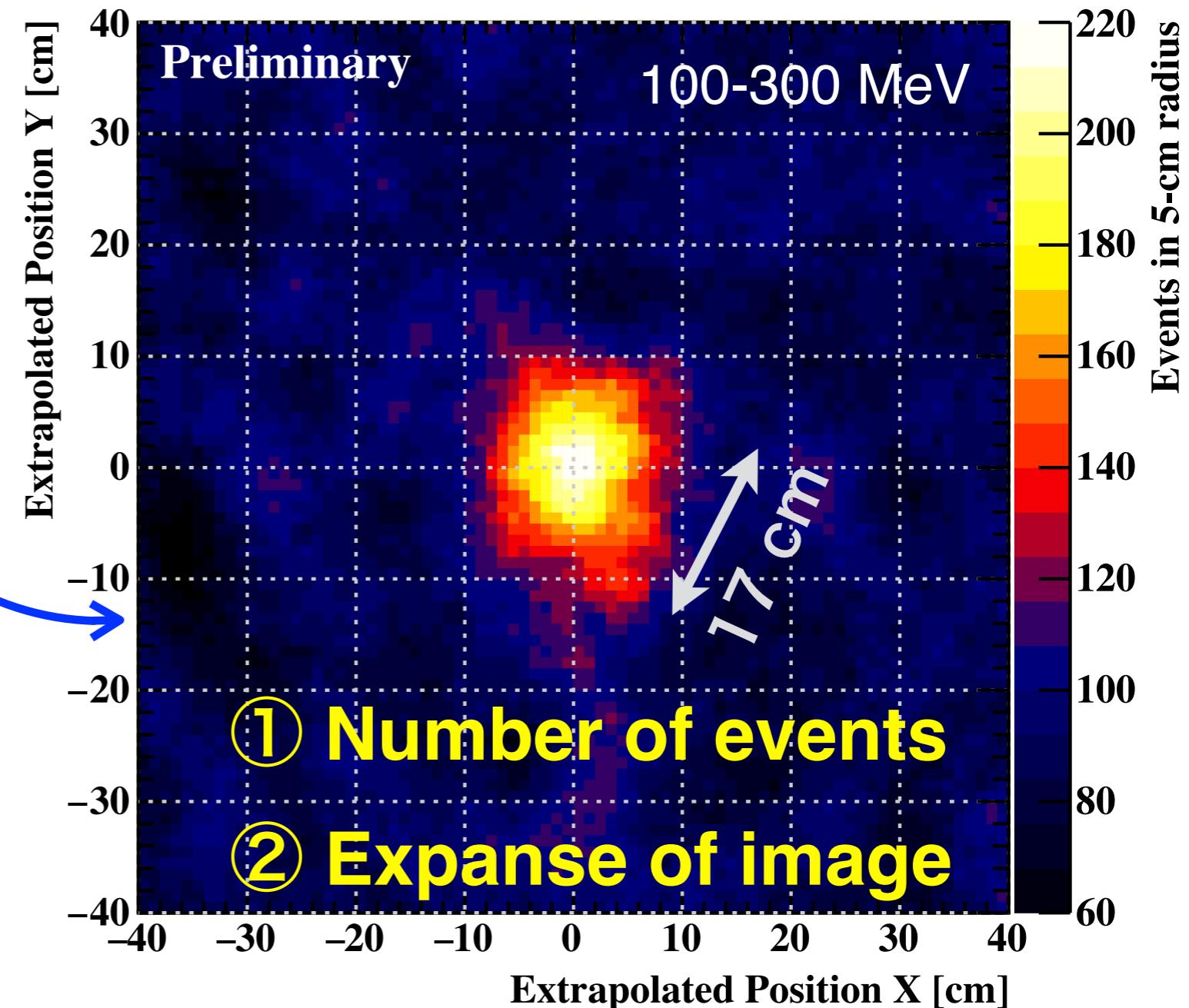
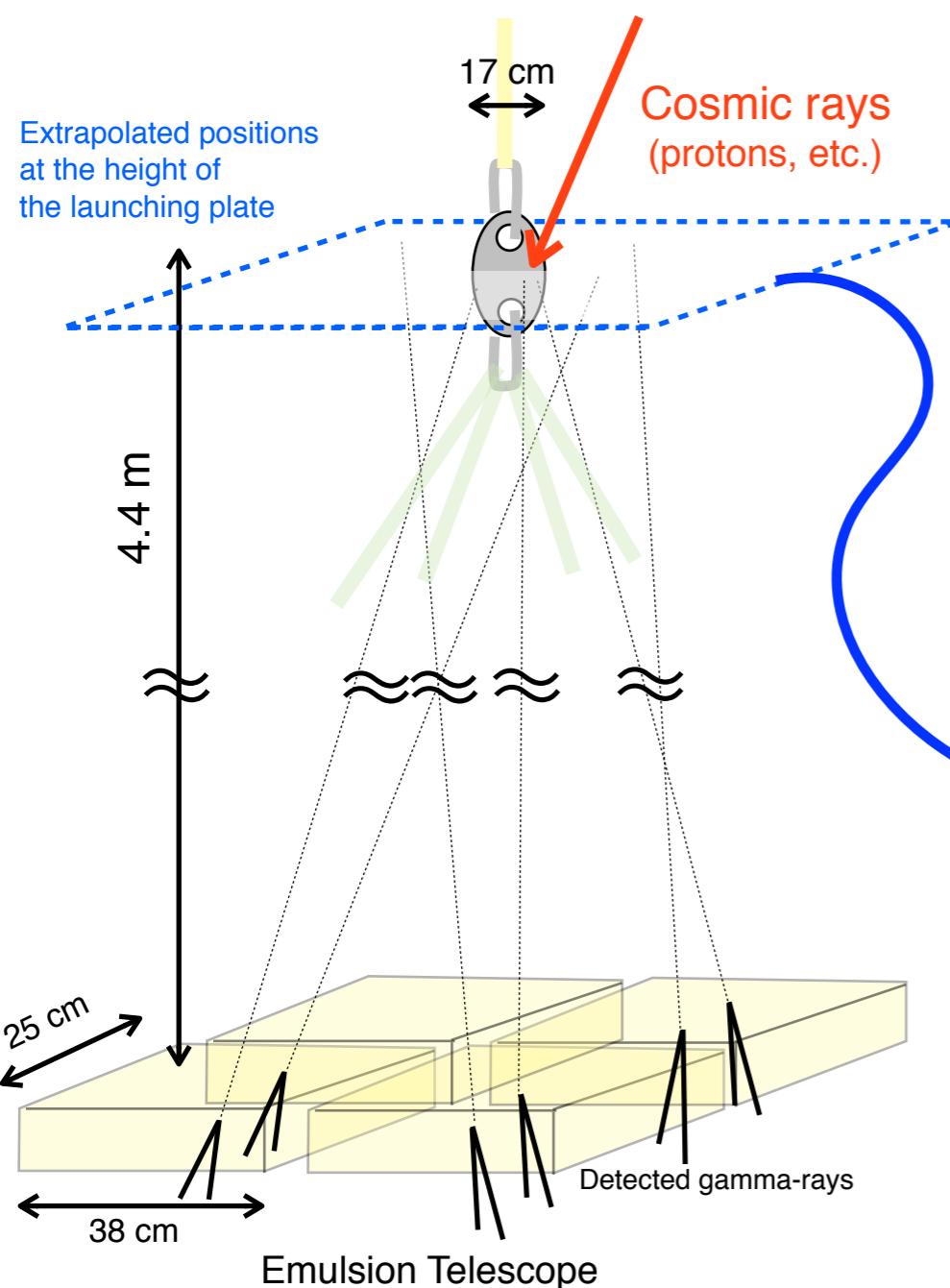
# Calibration source for gamma-ray telescope



# Demonstration of Gamma-ray Imaging during Balloon Observation

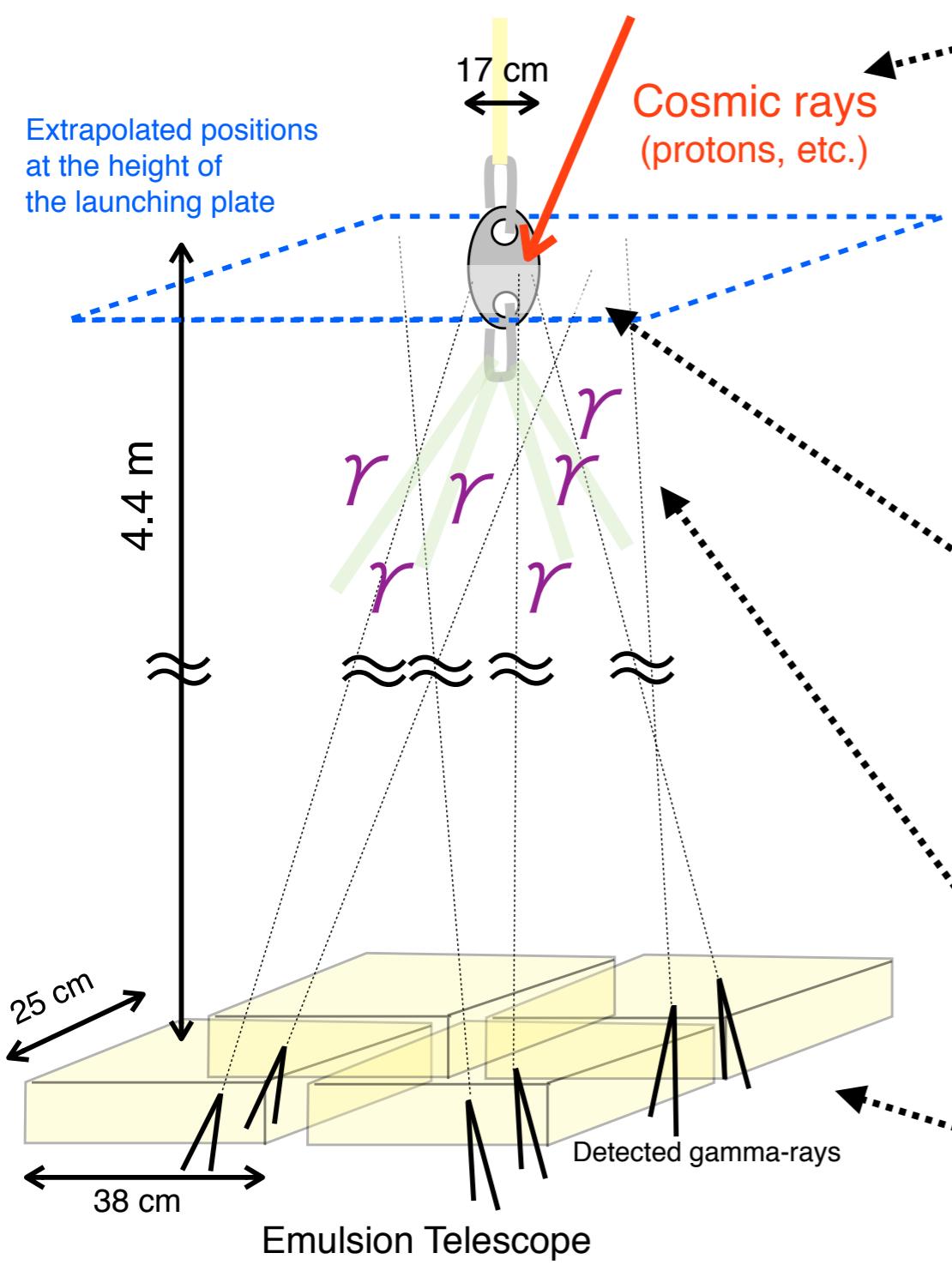


# Result of gamma-ray imaging of launching plate



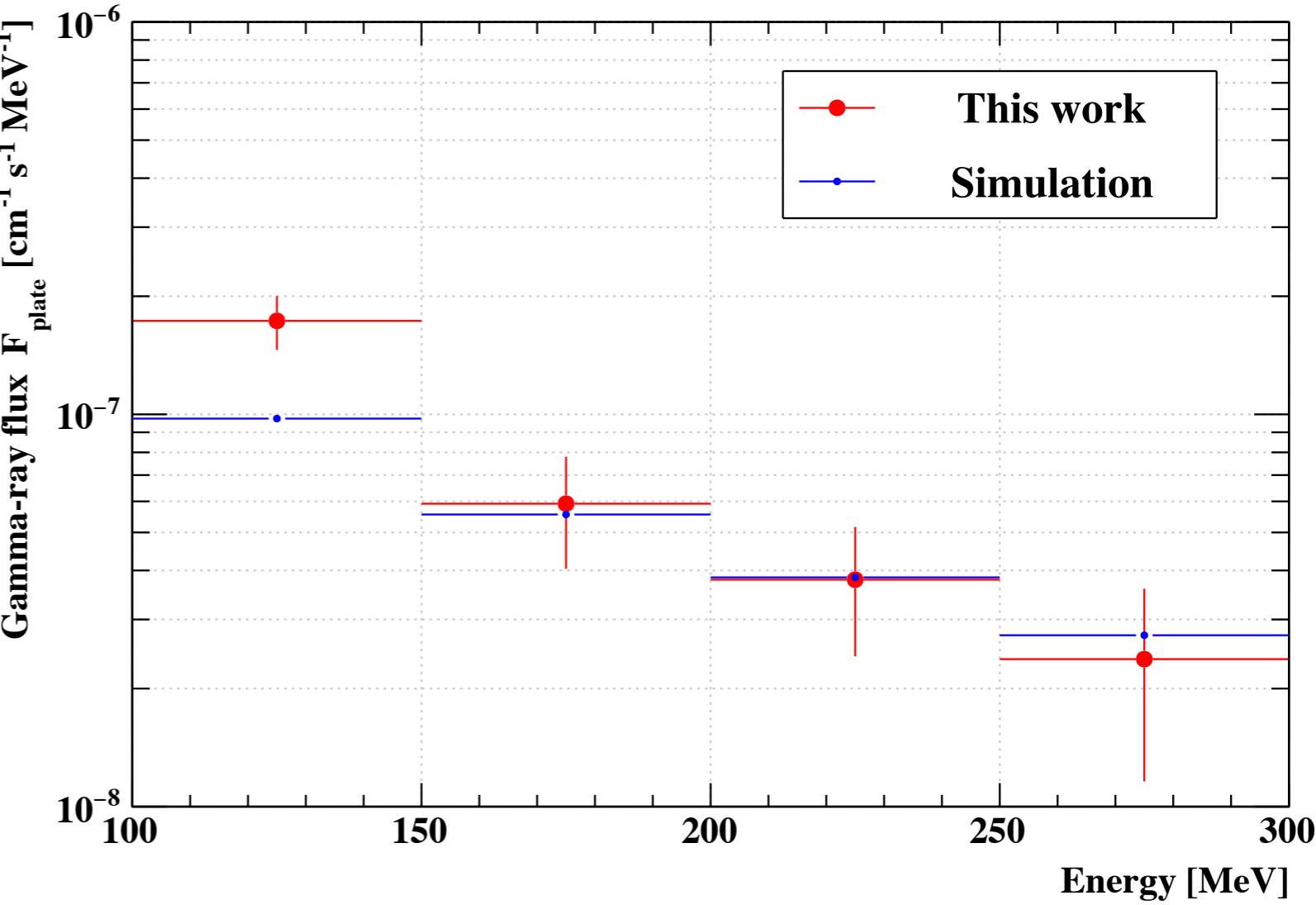
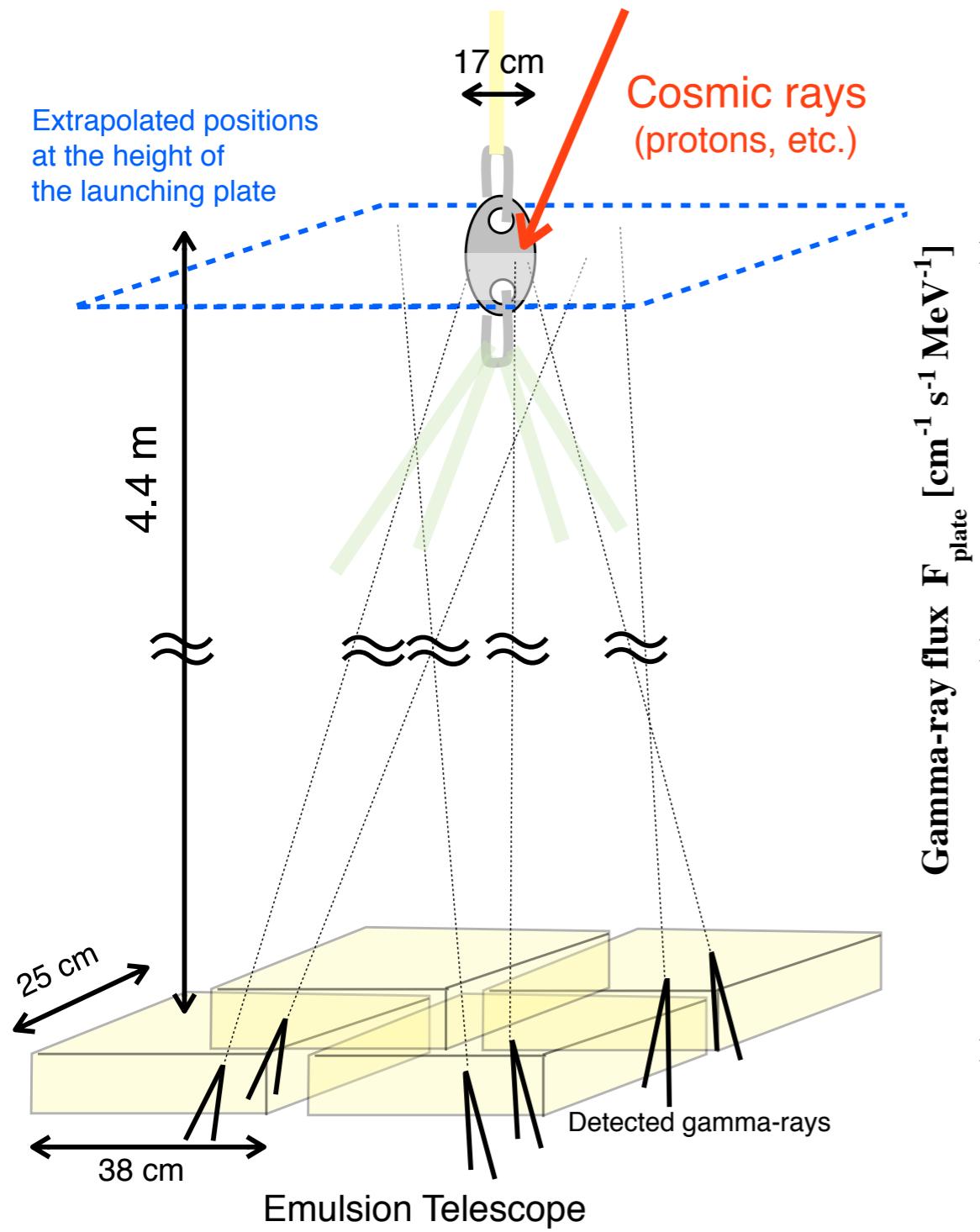
**the first demonstration of gamma-ray imaging  
of external gamma-ray source  
with balloon-borne emulsion telescope**

# MC simulation

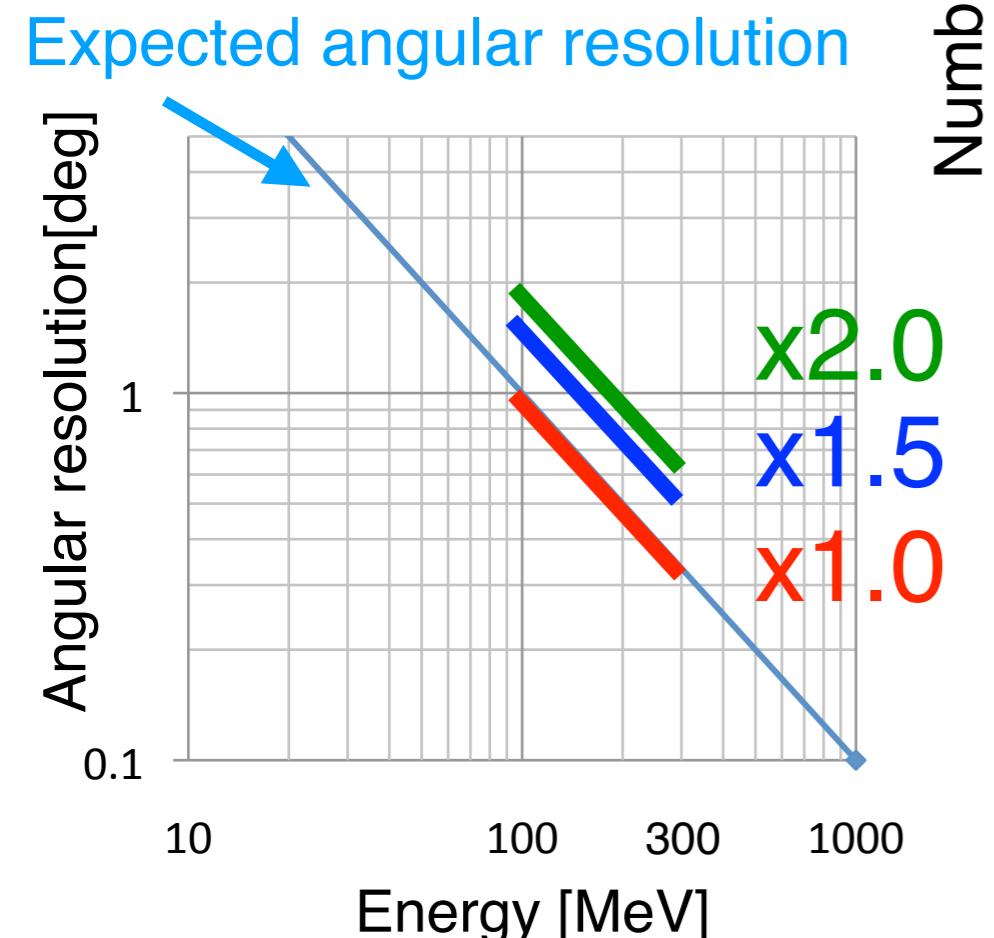
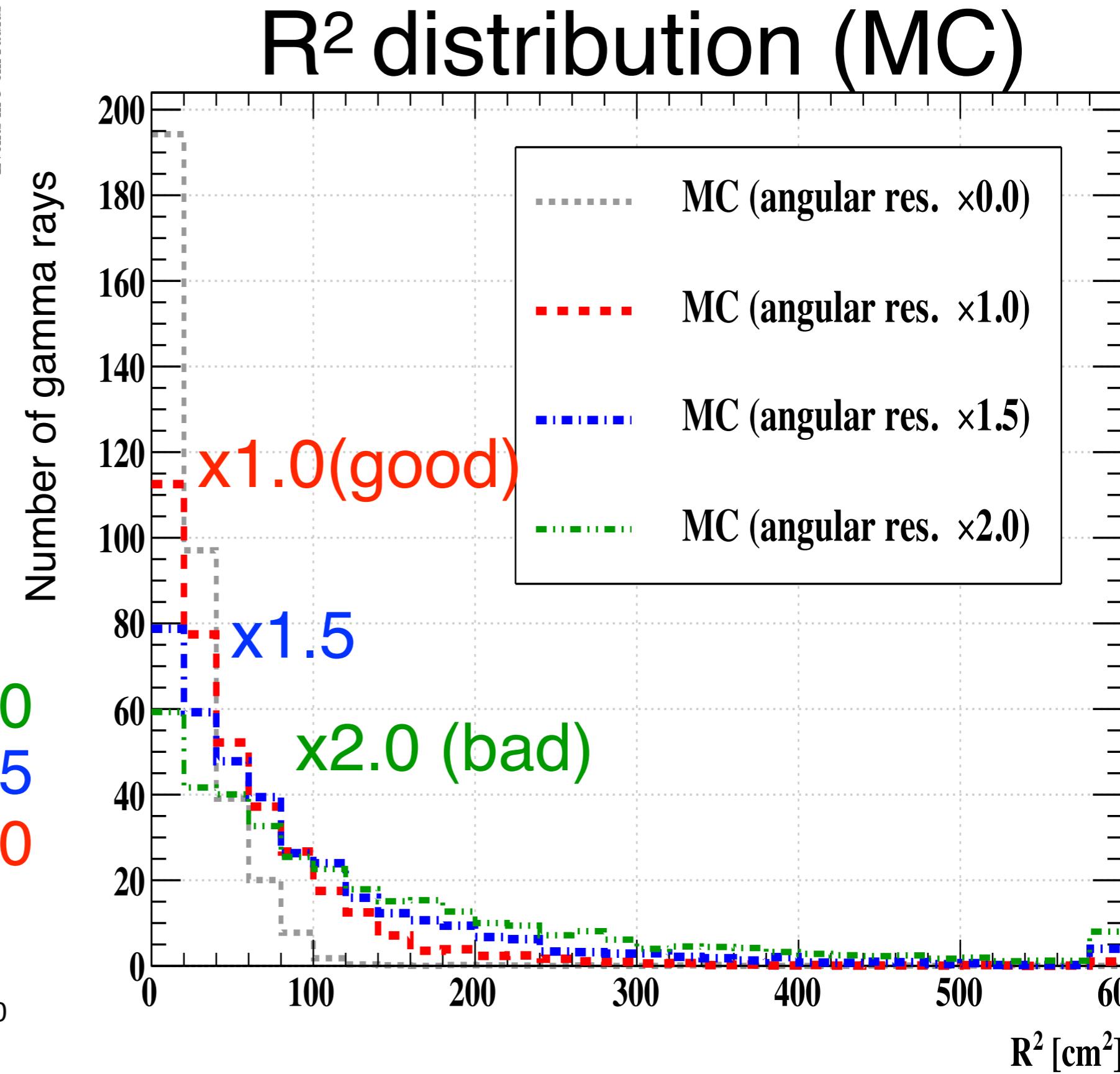
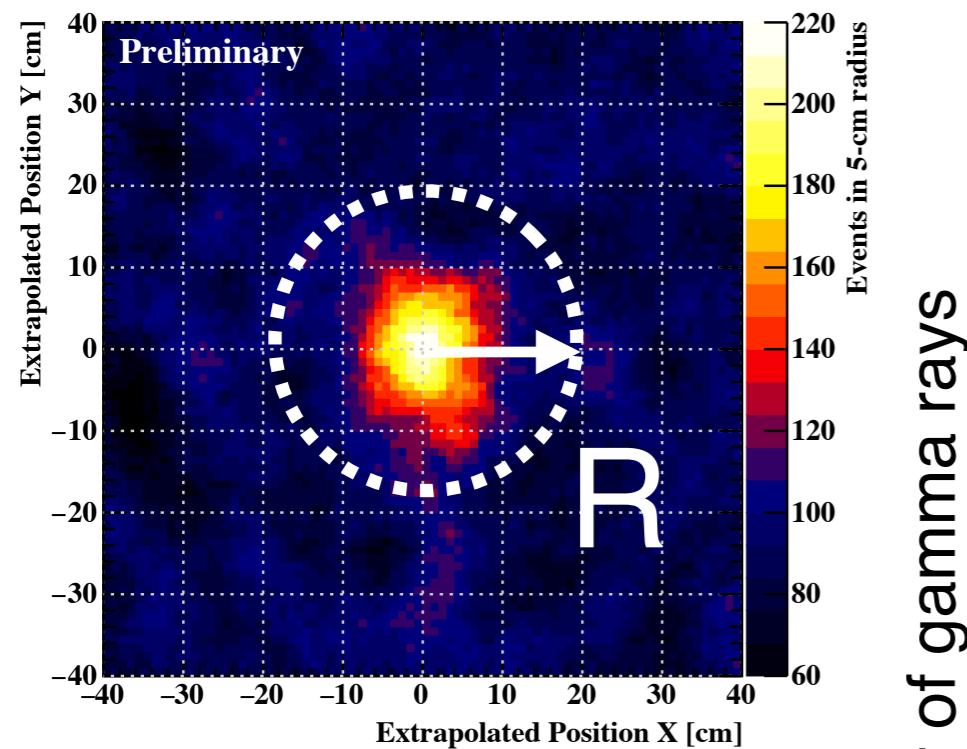


- Incident particles
  - P,  $\alpha$ ,  $e^-/+$ ,  $\gamma$
  - 37 km @ Australia, Alice Springs
  - Spectrum, Zenith angle distributions calculated by HKKM model (thanks to M.Honda)
- Target
  - Launching plate (Al) 4.6 kg
  - Shackles (Fe) 3.1 kg x 2
- Geant4.10.01, QGSP\_BERT
- Output gamma-ray data
  - Positions, angles, energies at detector

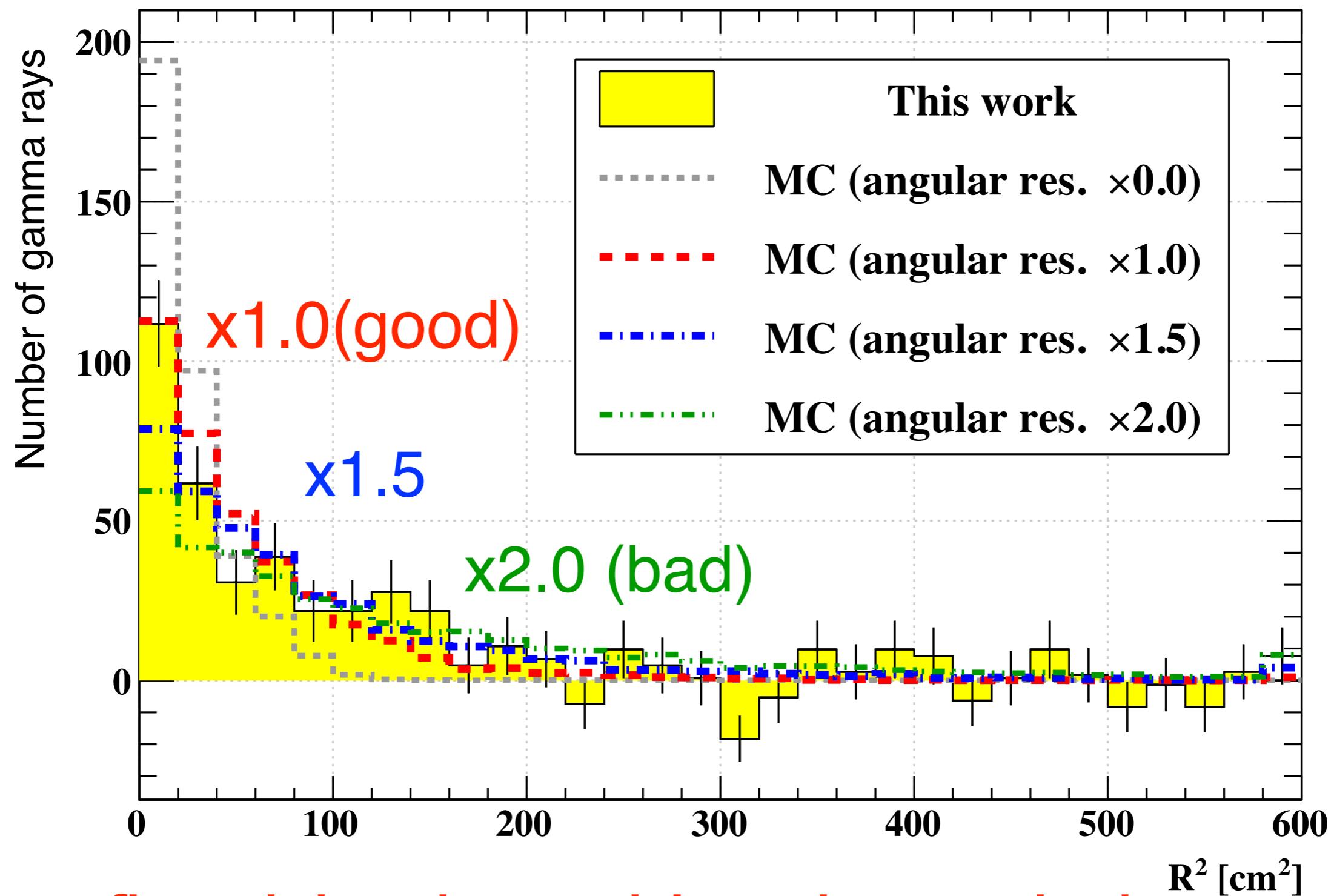
# ① Gamma-ray Flux From Launching plate



## ② Expanse of gamma-ray image



## ② Expanse of gamma-ray image



we confirmed that the emulsion telescope had an excellent angular resolution in the 100–300-MeV energy region during the observation, as expected.

# GRAINE2015

- Aperture area 3780cm<sup>2</sup> [ $\times 30$ ] (“high-sensitive film”, total area 48m<sup>2</sup>)
- Flight time 14.4hour (11.5hour@36.0–37.4km) [ $\times 7$ ]
- Established balloon exp. scheme & flow @ Australia
- Total read out area 41m<sup>2</sup> by HTS (First large scale trial)
- S/N ratio of “high-sensitive film” [ $\times 20$ ]  $\Rightarrow$  Data size reduced [ $\times 1/20$ ]
- Tracking efficiency of single film (.78  $\rightarrow$  .97.7)  $\Rightarrow$  inefficiency [ $\times 1/10$ ]
- Data reduction load to detect gamma-ray event [ $\times 1/200$ ]
- Data processed overall effective aperture area 2830cm<sup>2</sup> (total area 30m<sup>2</sup>)
- Pointing accuracy of gamma-ray  $\lesssim 1.0\text{deg}$
- Time resolution 9.8 msec [ $\times 1/10$ ]
- Limiting magnitude of the Star Camera 6.1  $\rightarrow$  7.5

Much improved from GRAINE2011

# GRAINE Scientific observation roadmap

2018, Demonstration

Alice Springs

~0.4m<sup>2</sup> aperture

~18hours flight duration

<~5g/cm<sup>2</sup> altitude

Approved  
by JAXA

2021–, Scientific flight

Alice Springs

10m<sup>2</sup> aperture

>~36hours flight duration

<~10g/cm<sup>2</sup> altitude

Funded  
by JSPS

Vela pulsar  
Polarization observation (<50%)

Pioneering polarization  
observation for high  
energy  $\gamma$ -rays

SNR W44 (<200MeV, >200MeV)  
Precise spectrum measurement  
High resolution imaging

Studying cosmic ray  
sources

Galactic Center  
Obs. with ~arcmin resolution

Resolving GeV  $\gamma$ -ray  
excess at galactic center

Test of fundamental symmetries beyond the Planck scale

Transient sources  
Obs. w/ high sensitivity  
& high photon stats

Studying transient  
sources & w/ ones

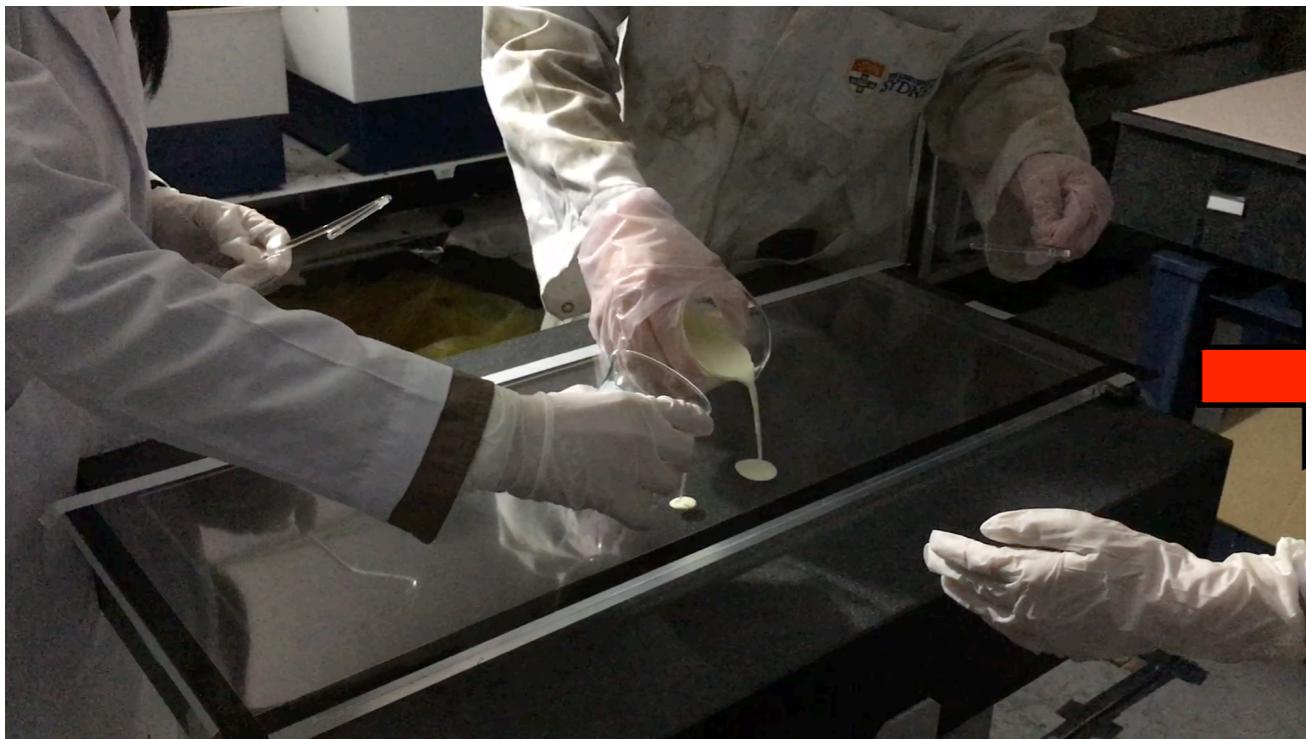
Search for  $\gamma$ -ray correlation with Giant Radio Pulses from pulsars  
Search for GeV  $\gamma$ -ray Pair Halo → Constraints on IGMF

Vela pulsar detection, Imaging,  
phase resolved analysis  
Galactic diffuse & Geminga  
detection/indication

# Emulsion Film Production

Nagoya Univ.

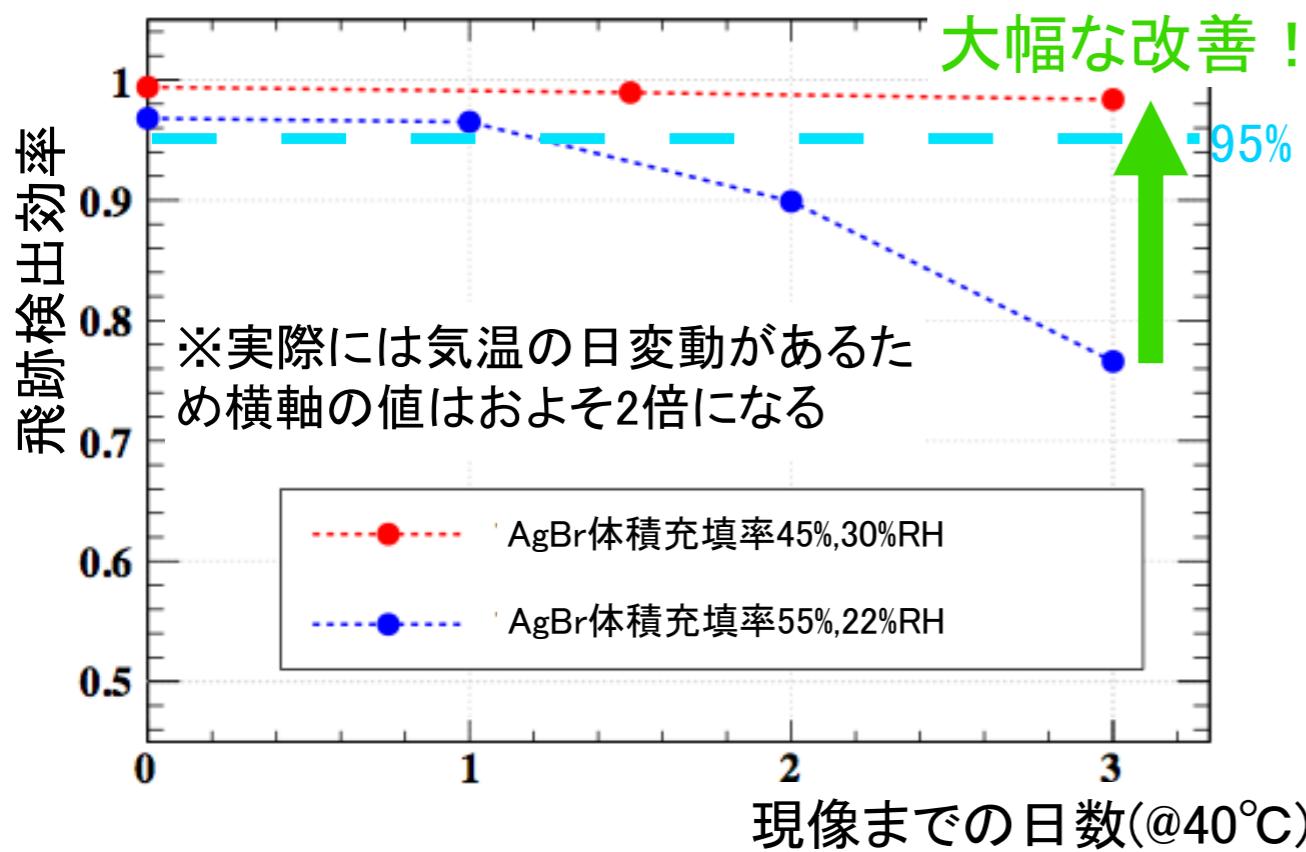
Conventional



New (under development)



We are constructing faster and more uniform film production.

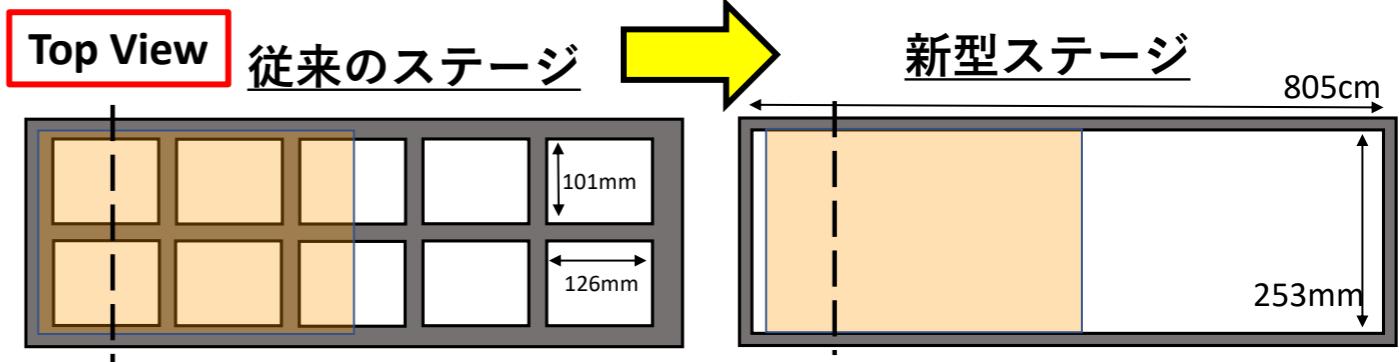


Study for the performance of emulsion is updated day by day.

We install emulsion films which has better long-term stability to GRAINE 2018.

# Multi-stage Shifter

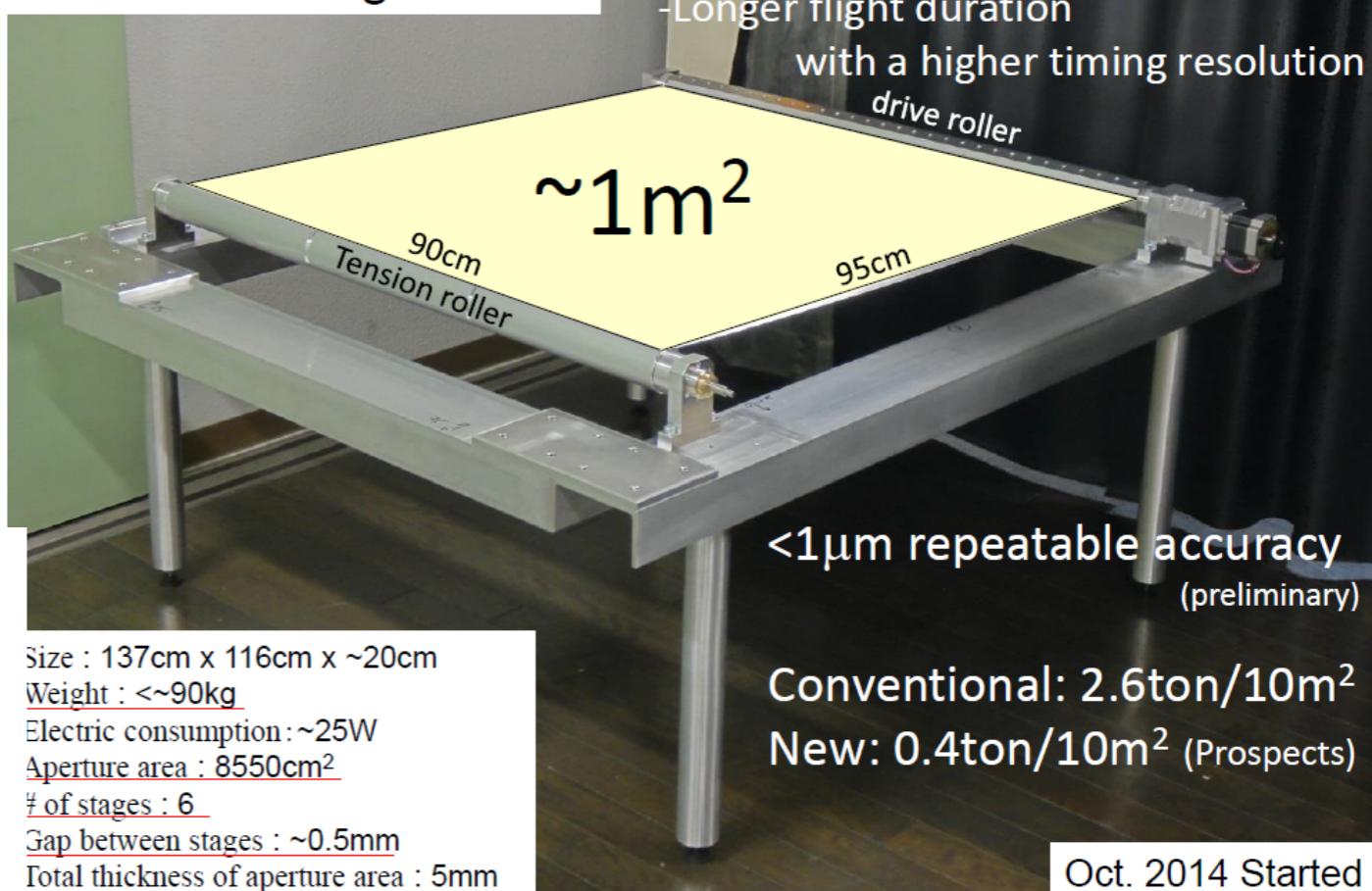
## GRAINE2018 Model



reducing the materials of the stage  
to increase the low momentum track efficiency.

Next generation  
multi-stage shifter

Co-developed with Mitaka Kohki Co., Ltd.  
-Larger aperture area  
-Longer flight duration  
with a higher timing resolution  
*drive roller*



## GRAINE2021 Model

light-weight multi-stage shifter unit.

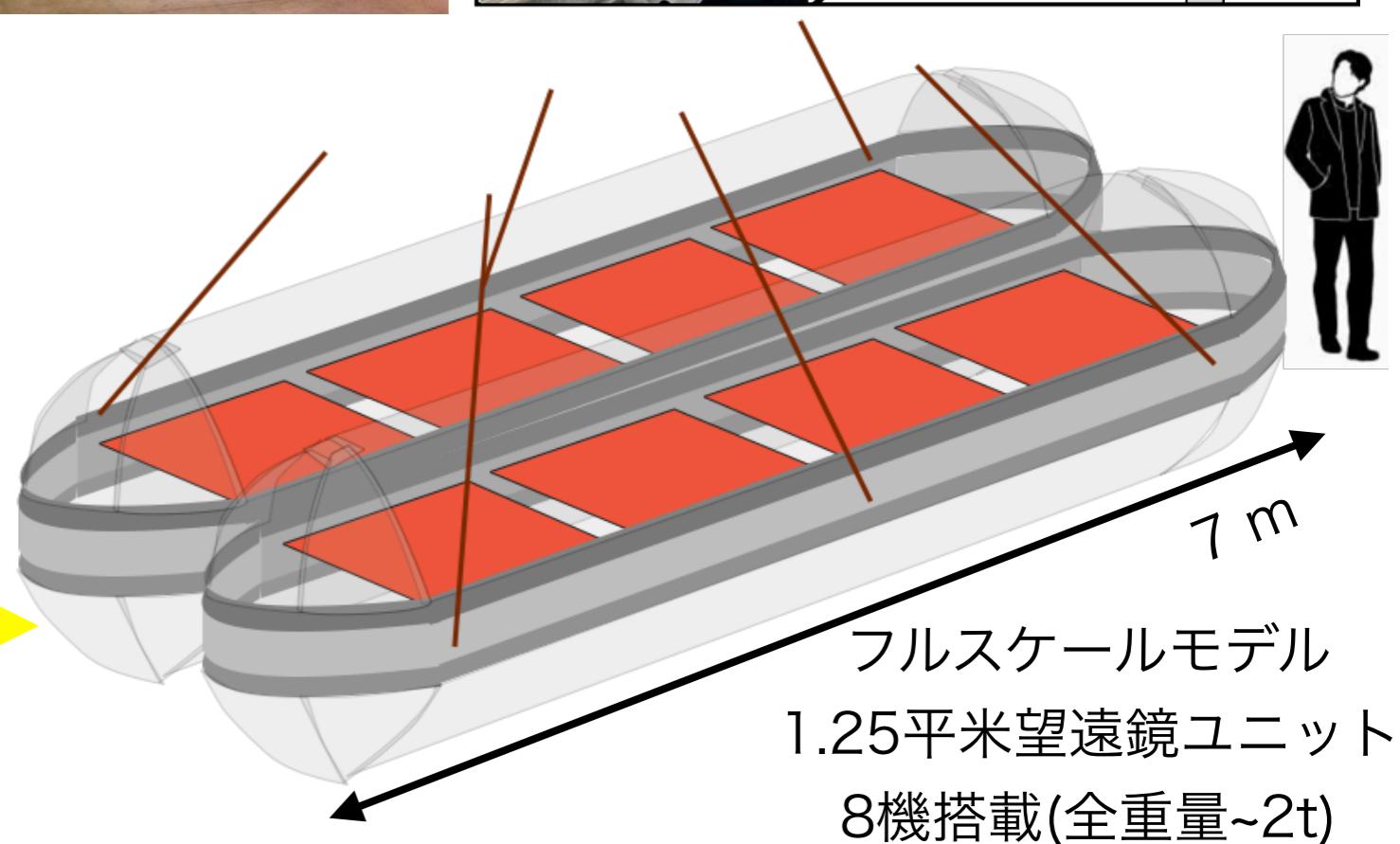
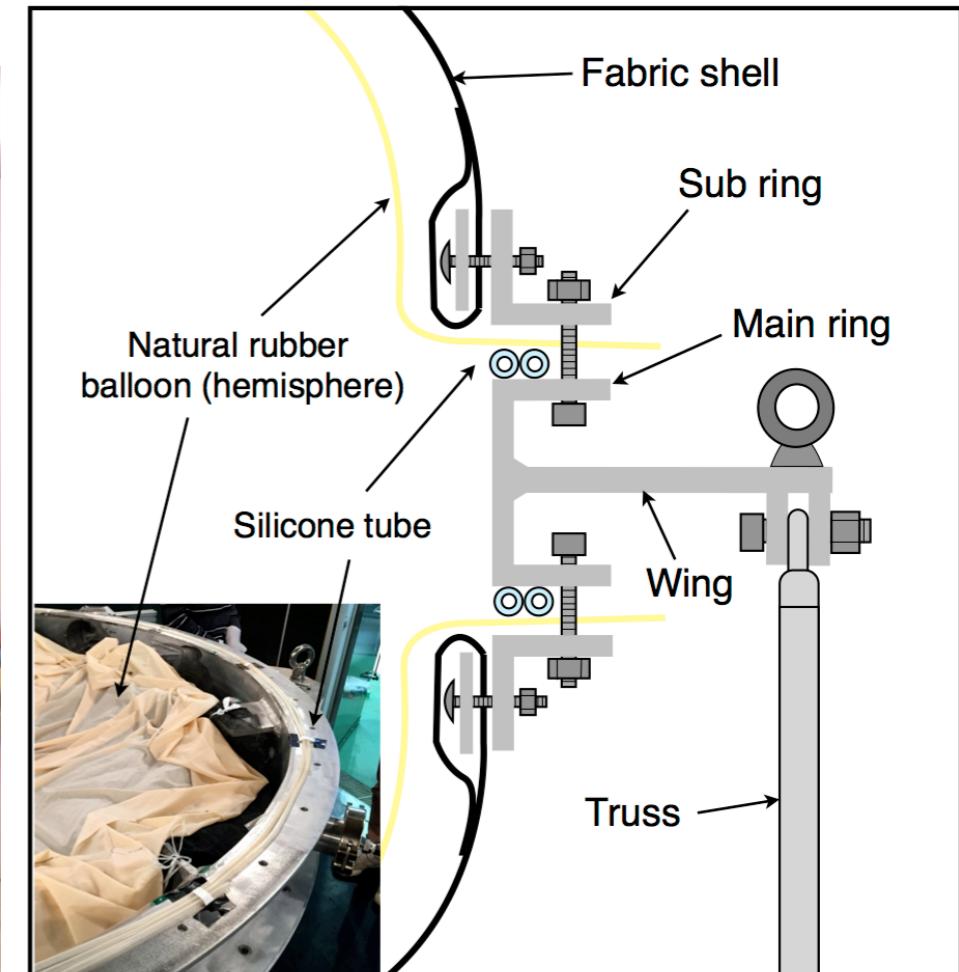
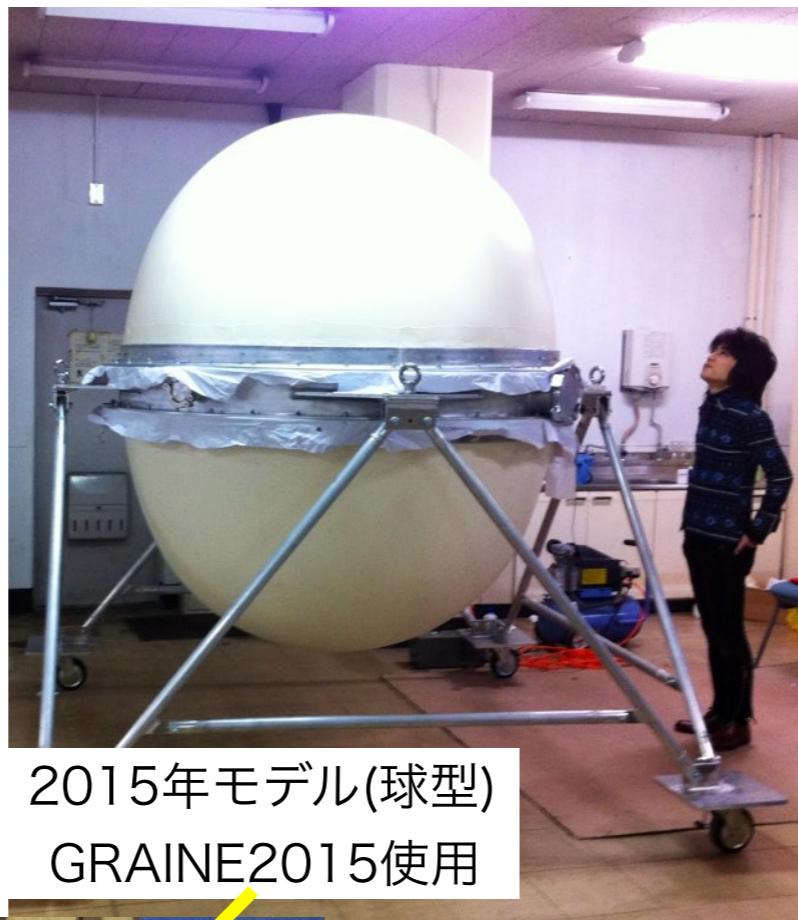
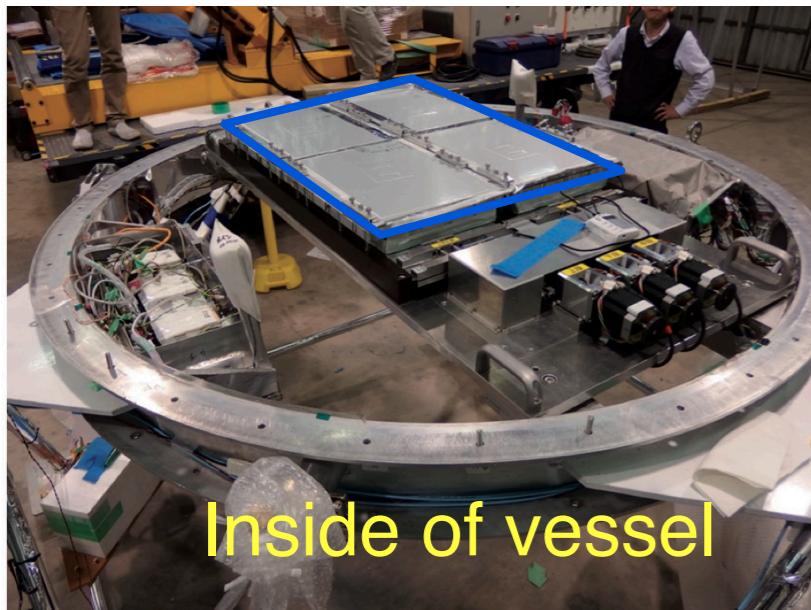


we plan to set 8 units on the balloon gondola

# Pressure Vessel Gondola

Nagoya Univ.

To keep vacuum-packed  
emulsion chambers  
at observation altitudes



# Summary & Prospects

- **GRAINE project**
  - Precise observation by balloon-borne emulsion gamma-ray telescope
  - High angular resolution, Polarization sensitive, Large effective area
- **2015-Balloon experiment in AUS**
  - Flight, Scanning, and Analysis were established.
  - Achieved 9.8 ms of time resolution by multi-stage shifter.
  - Demonstrated gamma-ray imaging performance @100-300 MeV as expected
- **Prospects**
  - GRAINE2018 (scheduled in next April.)
    - The goal is confirming the overall performance by detecting a celestial gamma-ray source(Vela pulsar).
  - GRAINE2021:
    - Start Scientific Observations with 10-m<sup>2</sup> Telescope
    - Polarimetry, SNR, Galactic center, un-ID sources, Burst events